

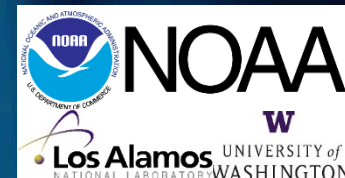
VIAME: An Open-Source Framework for Underwater Image and Video Analytics



Matthew Dawkins¹, Linus Sherrill¹, Keith Fieldhouse¹, Anthony Hoogs¹, Benjamin Richards², David Zhang³, Jon Crall¹, Lakshman Prasad⁴, Nathan Lauffenburger², Gaoang Wang⁵

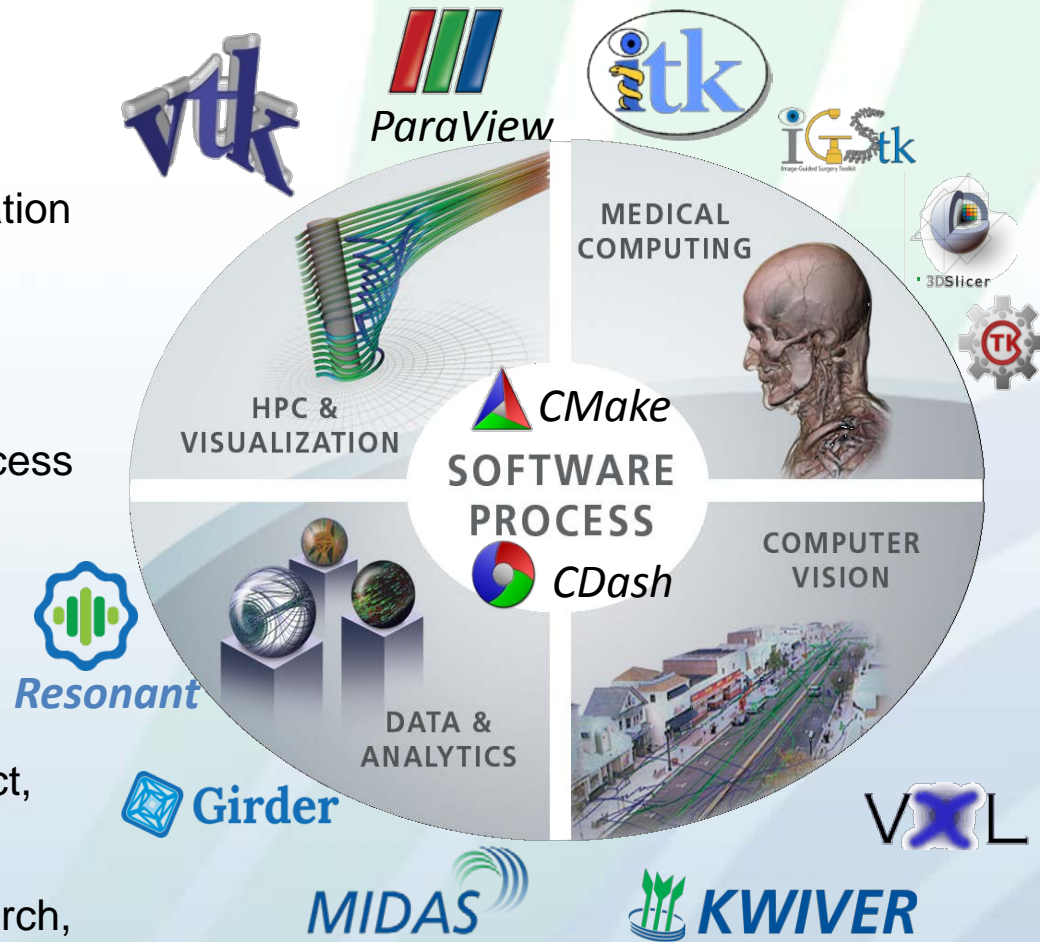
¹Kitware Inc., ²National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, ³SRI International,

⁴Los Alamos National Lab, ⁵University of Washington



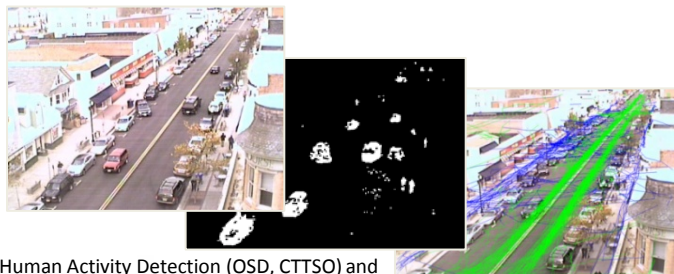
Kitware Open Source Platforms

- **KWIVER** Kitware Imagery and Video Exploitation and Retrieval
- **VTK** the visualization toolkit
- **ParaView** large data analysis & visualization application
- **ITK** insight image analysis toolkit
- **CMake** cross-platform build system
 - CDash, CTest, CPack, software process tools
- **Resonant/Girder** informatics and information visualization
- **Kiwi & VES** mobile visualization
- **IGSTK**, **CTK**, **vxL**, **Open Chemistry Project**, **VolView**, **tubeTk**, and more...
- **MIDAS** for computational scientific research, testing, and visualization



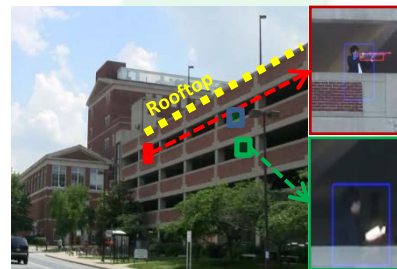
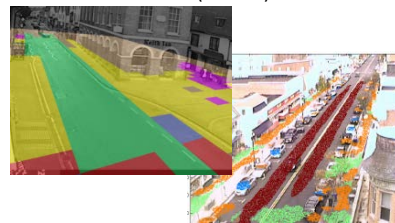
- 25+ team members
- 12 PhDs
- Founded in 2007
- 35+ contracts

Dr. Anthony Hoogs
anthony.hoogs@kitware.com
 518-881-4910



Human Activity Detection (OSD, CTSO) and Tracking in Wide-Area Video (AFRL)

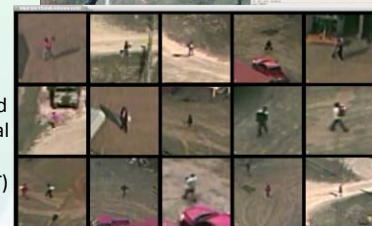
Object and Building Recognition by Function (DARPA)



Threat Detection in Video (DARPA)



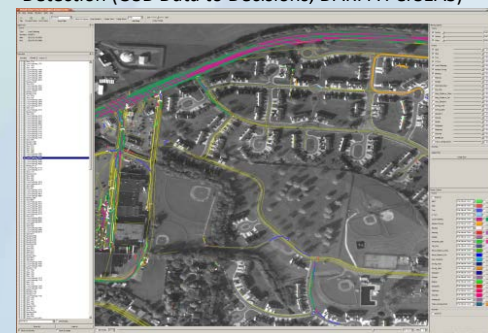
Content-based Video Retrieval by Actions (DARPA VIRAT)



Complex Event Recognition in Internet Videos (GENIE)



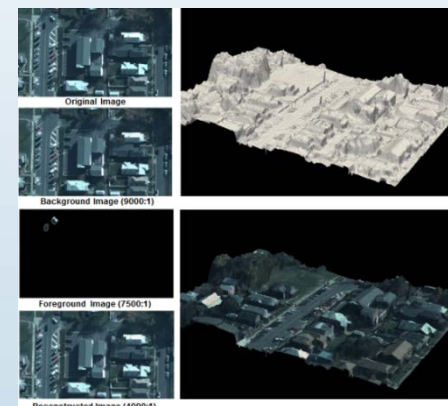
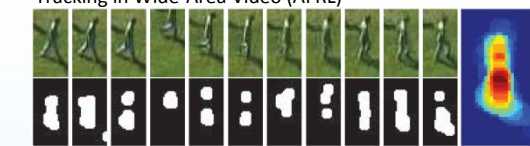
Wide-Area Motion Imagery Event, Anomaly and Activity Detection (OSD Data to Decisions, DARPA PerSEAS)



Football Play Recognition (DARPA CARVE)



Normalcy Modeling and Anomaly Detection (DARPA PANDA and PerSEAS)

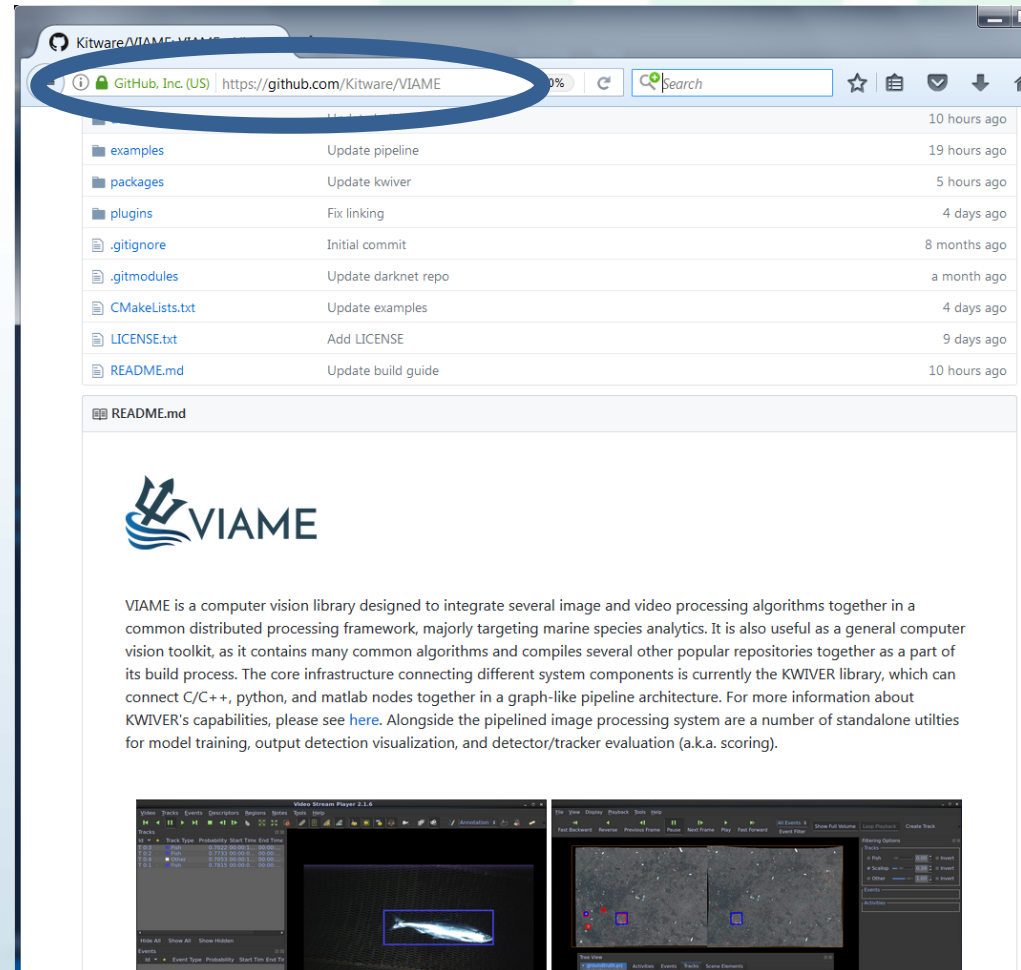


3D model-based video compression (DARPA) and super-resolved 3D reconstruction (DARPA)

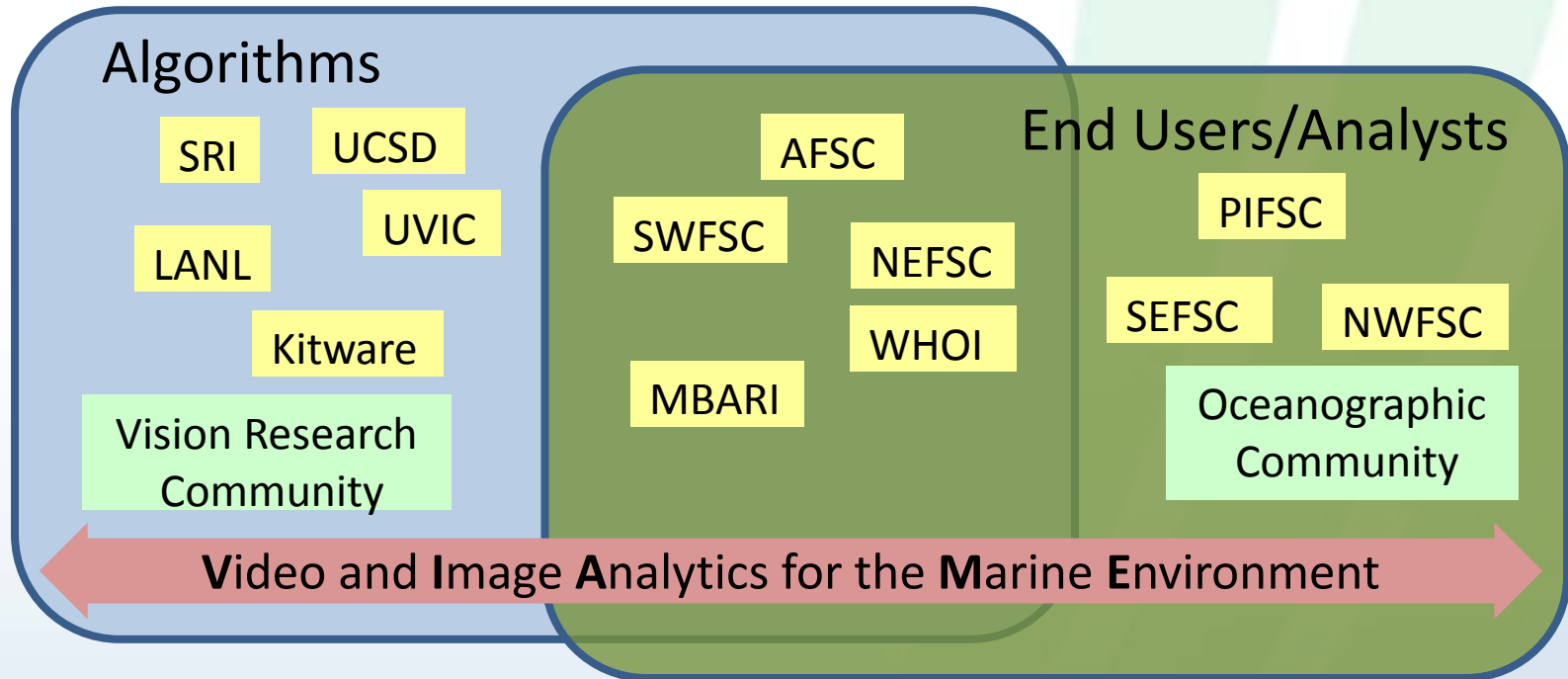
VIAME

- **V**ideo and **I**mage **A**nalytics for the **M**arine **E**nvironment
- Goal: Develop an open-source software platform for NMFS image and video analysis
 - In close coordination with NOAA community

<https://github.com/Kitware/VIAME>



Lots of Data, Analytics and Users



Current Image/Video Analytics

Capability	Primary data source	POC	Stereo calibration	Stereo processing	Video	Color, contrast correction	scallop detection	fish detection	fish length, sizing	fish tracking	fish classification	anomaly det.	habitat classification	image segmentation
NW SC CamTrawl	Cam Trawl	Williams	yes	yes	4 Hz	no, grayscale		yes	automatic	yes	yes			
ROV video fish detection and tracking	SWFSC ROV video	Cutter	no	no	30 Hz	yes		yes, DPM (UW)	no	yes (UW student)	desired	desired		
ROV stereo fish measurement	SWFSC ROV GigE stereo	Cutter	yes	yes	2-4 Hz	yes		no	manual	no				
WHOI/NEFSC scallop detector	HABCAM towed rig	Dvora	yes	yes	no	yes	yes							
RPI/Kitware scallop detector	HABCAM towed rig	Hoogs	no	no	no	yes	yes							
SRI fish detection, classification, size	PI FSC MOUSS/BotCam	Ben/Mike	yes, accept cal files	yes	30 Hz	no, grayscale		yes		yes	yes			
SEFSC stereo proc	Drop cams from SEFSC	Thompson	yes	yes	yes			yes, basic background	manual	no	no			
Toyon SBIR I	Drop cams from SEFSC	Thompson	yes	yes	yes			yes, basic HOG	manual	yes	yes			
LANL segmentation and shape analysis	HABCAM towed rig	Lakshman	no	yes	no	no	yes	yes	no	no	yes	yes (image)	Yes	yes (polygonal)
Toyon SBIR II	Still Images AUV, drop, towed	Clarke	yes	yes	no	yes (Hanu)		yes	yes	no	yes			
WHOI/NEFSC habitat classifier	HABCAM towed rig	Dvora	yes	yes	no	yes							yes	
NWFSC clustering	AUV and MOUSS	Clarke	no		no	no						yes	partially	

Green	well-implemented; quantified, comparative performance assessment; ready for integration	Yellow	Existing implementation as mature research code; some performance quantification	Red	preliminary research code with ongoing work against major problems	Gray	idea or concept; no implementation
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VIAME High-Level Components

Multi-Processing Pipeline Framework

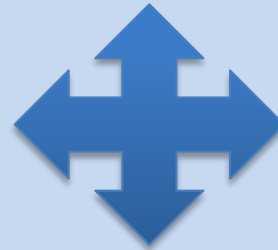
Calibration
and
Stabilization

Detection
and
Tracking

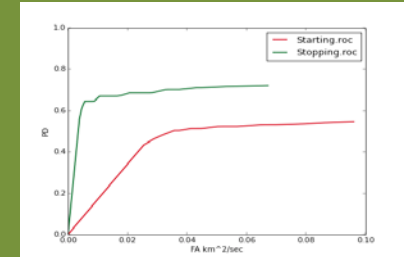
Classification

Other
Analytics

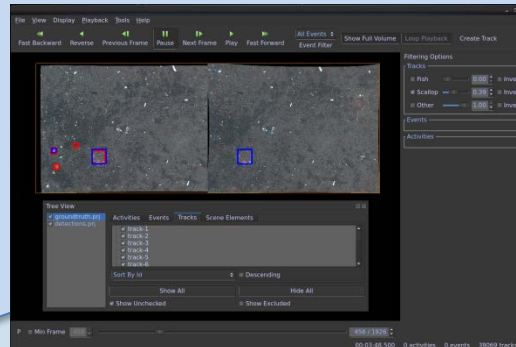
Data Abstraction and Conversion
(not a native DB)



Web based
services and tools

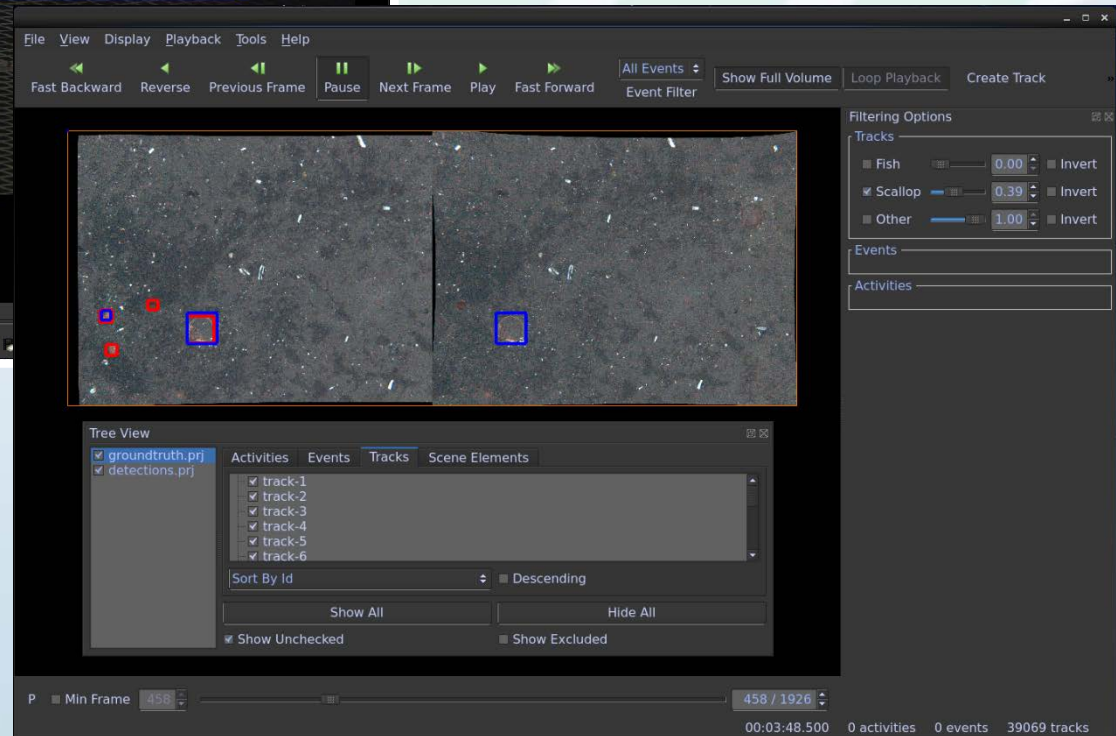
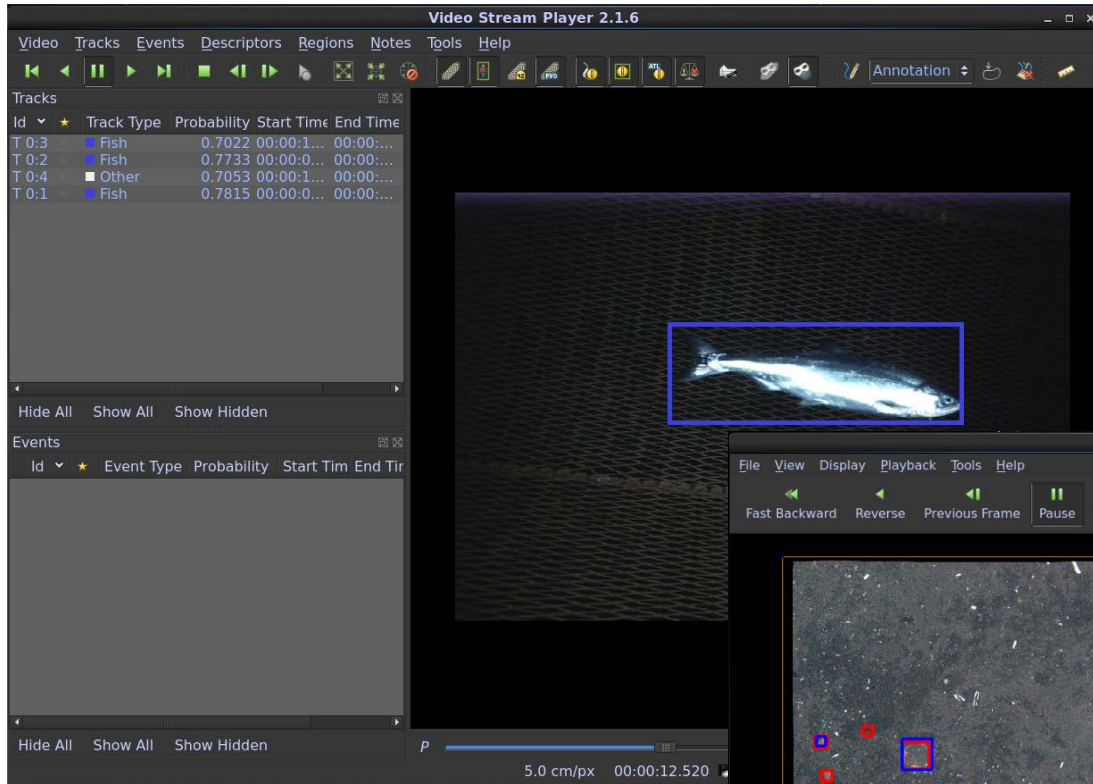


Evaluation and
Quantification Tools

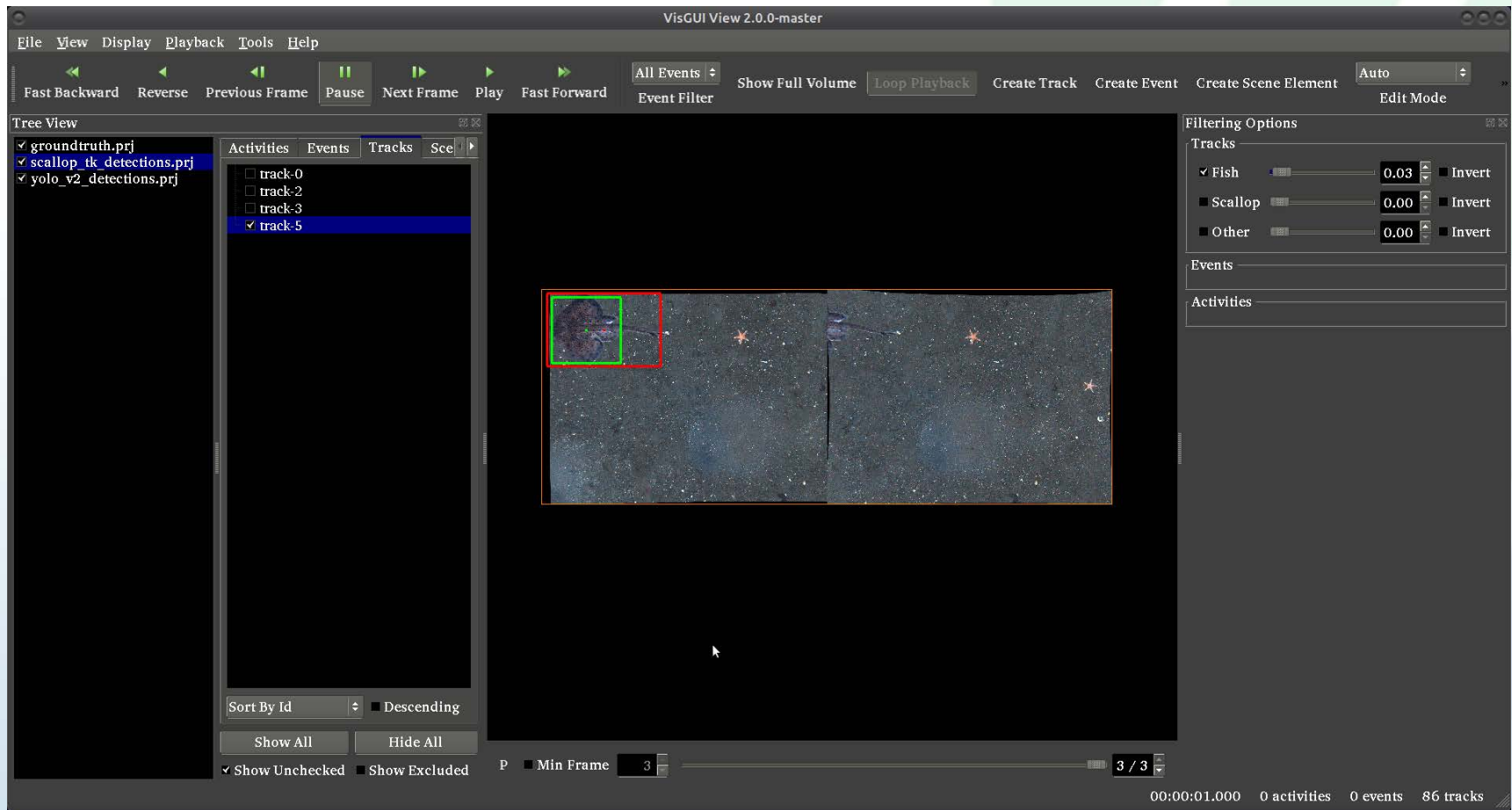


Visualization Tools

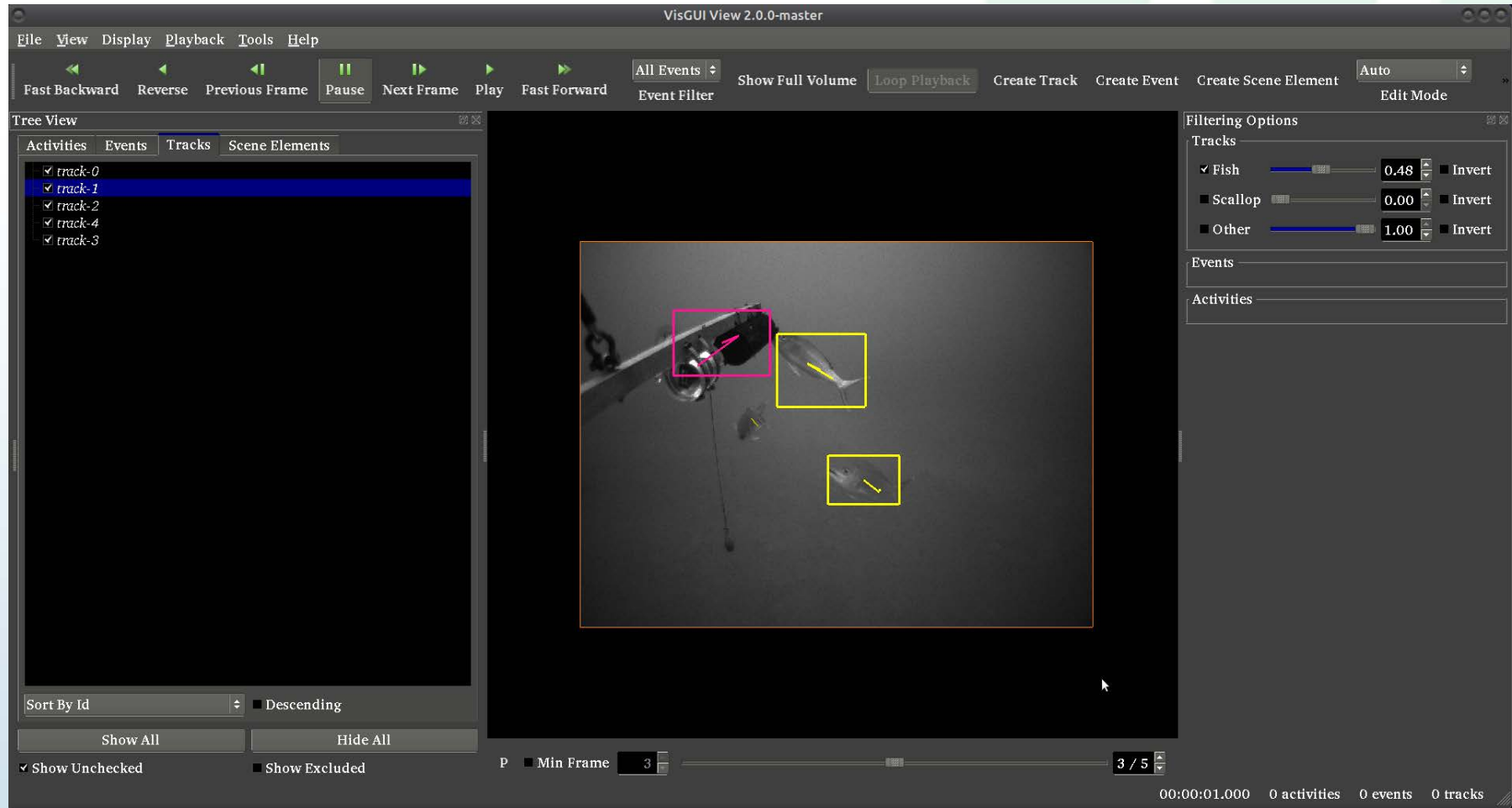
Goal: Object Detection



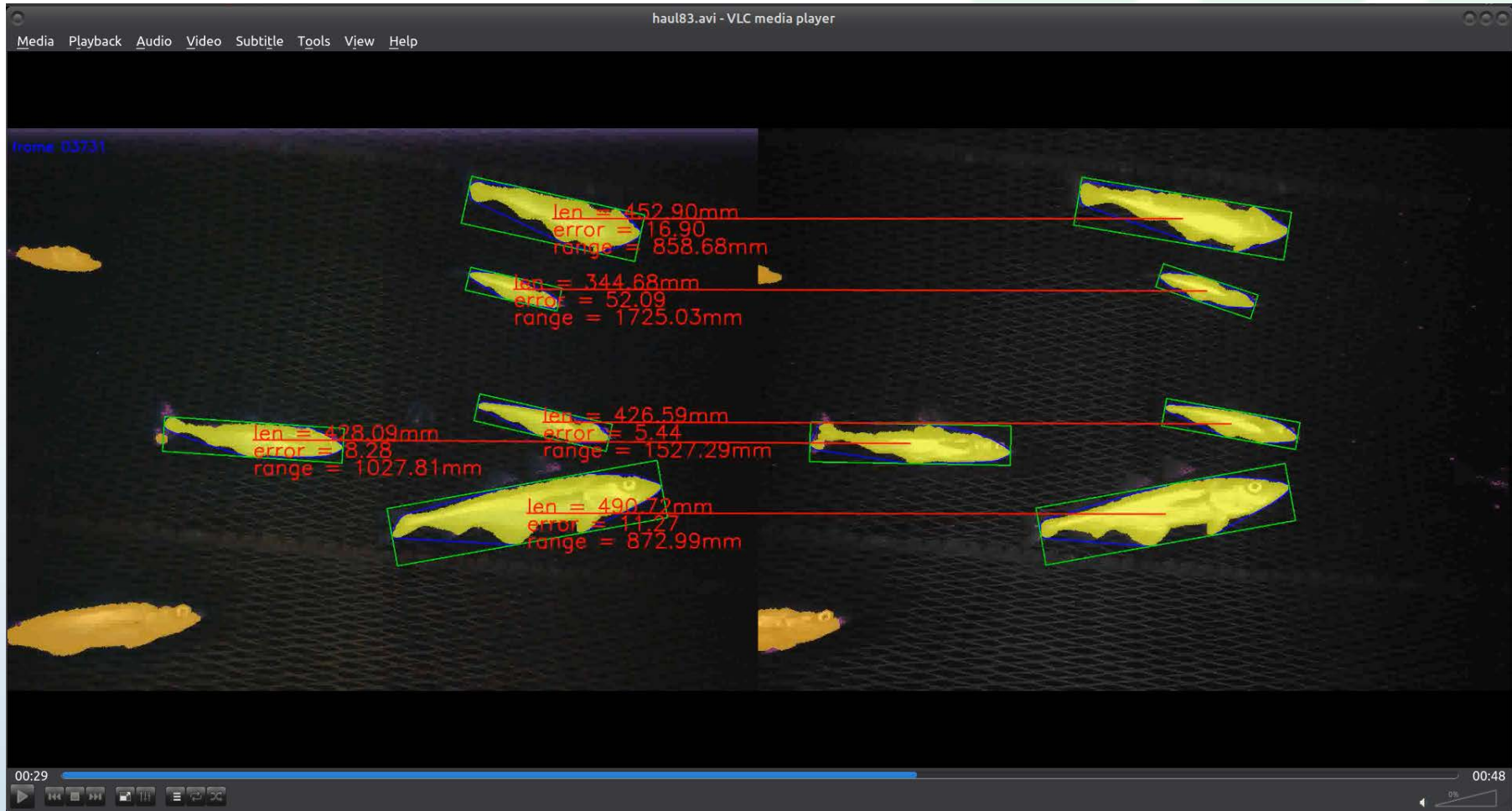
Goal: Object Detection Viewing and Adjudication



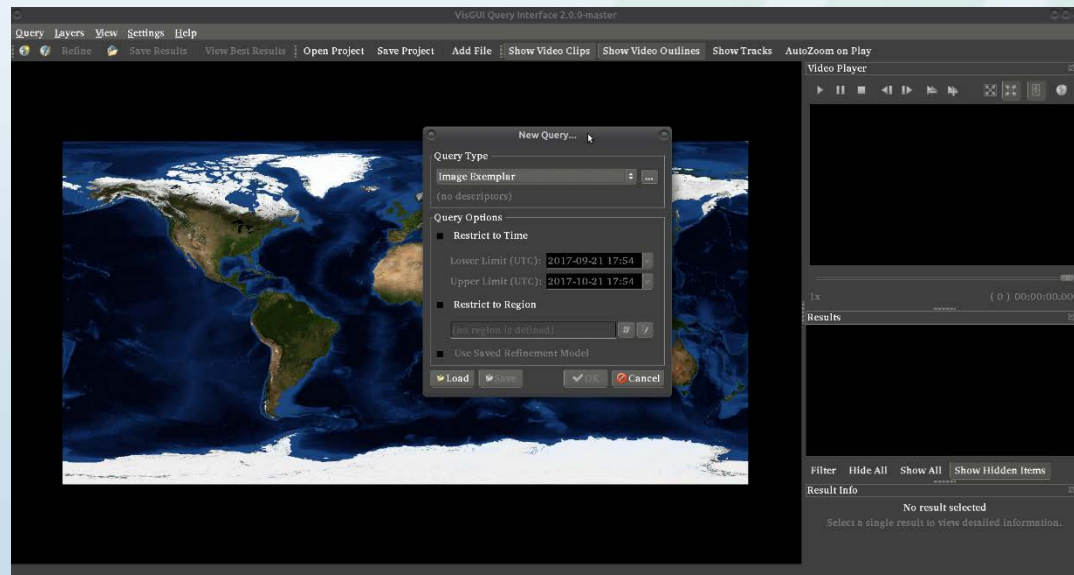
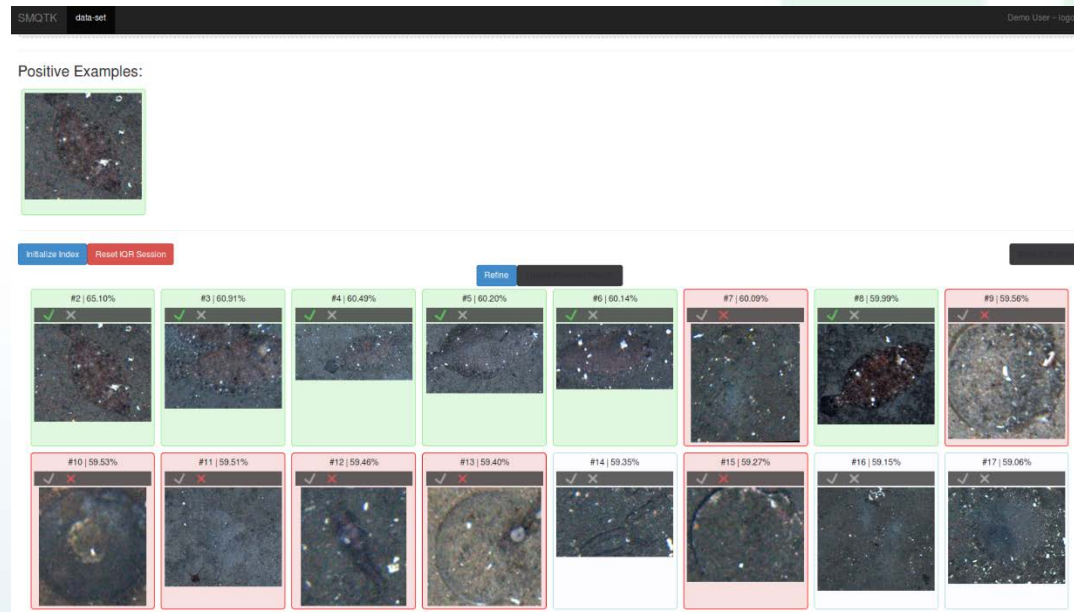
Goal: Object Tracking



Goal: Fish Measurement



Goal: Image and Video Search



VIAME System Components

Fletch

Builds common computer vision dependencies



```
#ifndef VIAME_SCALLOP_TK_DETECTOR_H
#define VIAME_SCALLOP_TK_DETECTOR_H

#include <plugins/scallop_tk/viame_scallop_tk_export.h>
#include <vitall/algo/image_object_detector.h>

namespace viame {

class VIAME_SCALLOP_TK_EXPORT Scallop_Tk_Detector {
public:
    Kuiper::Vital::AlgorithmImp*
        scallop_tk_detector, kuiper::Vital::Iaigo::Image_Object_Detector }

{
    Scallop_Tk_Detector();
    virtual ~Scallop_Tk_Detector();

    // Get the current configuration (parameters) for this detector
    virtual Kuiper::Vital::Config_Block_Sptr get_configuration() const;

    // Set configurations automatically parsed from input pipeline and config files
    virtual void set_configuration( Kuiper::Vital::Config_Block_Sptr config );
    virtual bool check_configuration( Kuiper::Vital::Config_Block_Sptr config ) const;

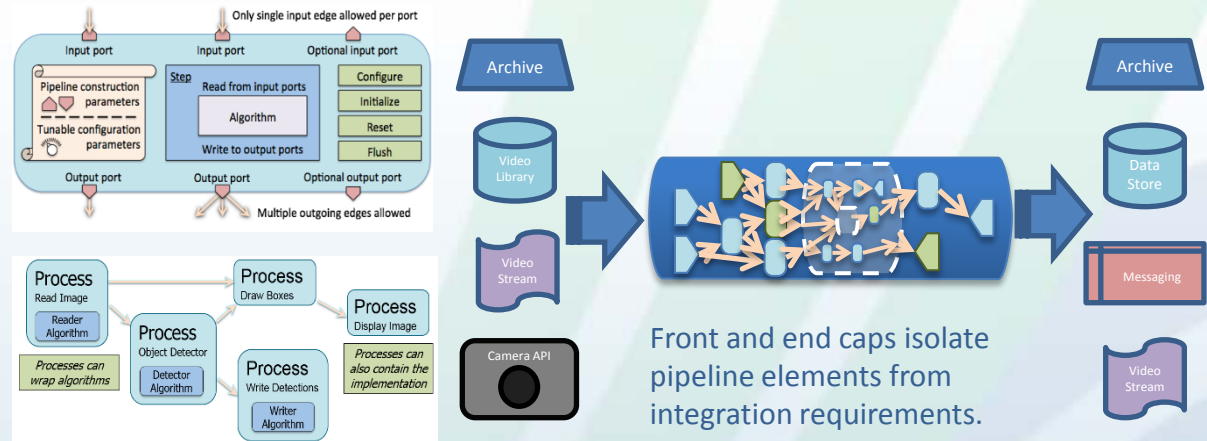
    // Main detection method
    virtual Kuiper::Vital::Detected_Object_Set_Sptr detect(
        Kuiper::Vital::Image_Container_Sptr image_data ) const;

private:
    class priv {
    const std::unique_ptr< priv > d;
    };
};

#endif
```

Sprokit/KWIVER

Connects up different algorithm nodes in runnable pipelines.
Nodes can be implemented in C++, Python, or Matlab.



VIAME-Core

Contains domain-specific algorithms in
“super-build” comprised of multiple projects
and the above.

```
# Process definitions and configs
#
process input
{
    frame_list_input
    : image_list_file input_files.txt
    : frame_time 0.3333
    : image_reader type ocv
}

process detector
{
    image_object_detector
    : detector_type ea_fish_detector
    : detector_model model_file.xml
    : detector_threshold 0.20
}

process draw
{
    draw_detected_object_boxes
    : default_line_thickness 3
}

process disp
{
    view_image
    : annotate_image true
    : pause_time 2.0
    : title VIAME: images
}

# Global pipeline configs
#
config .pipeline: edge
: capacity 5

# Connections between processes
#
connect from input_image
to detector_image

connect from detector_detected_object_set
to draw_detected_object_set
connect from input_image
to draw_image

connect from input_timestamp
to disp_timestamp
connect from draw_image
to disp_image
```

CMake Build System

Why?

- Cross-platform as long as code supports it
- Underlying pipeline code written primarily in C/C++
- Already used by several popular vision projects (OpenCV, VXL, Caffe)
- Free to use
- Kitware

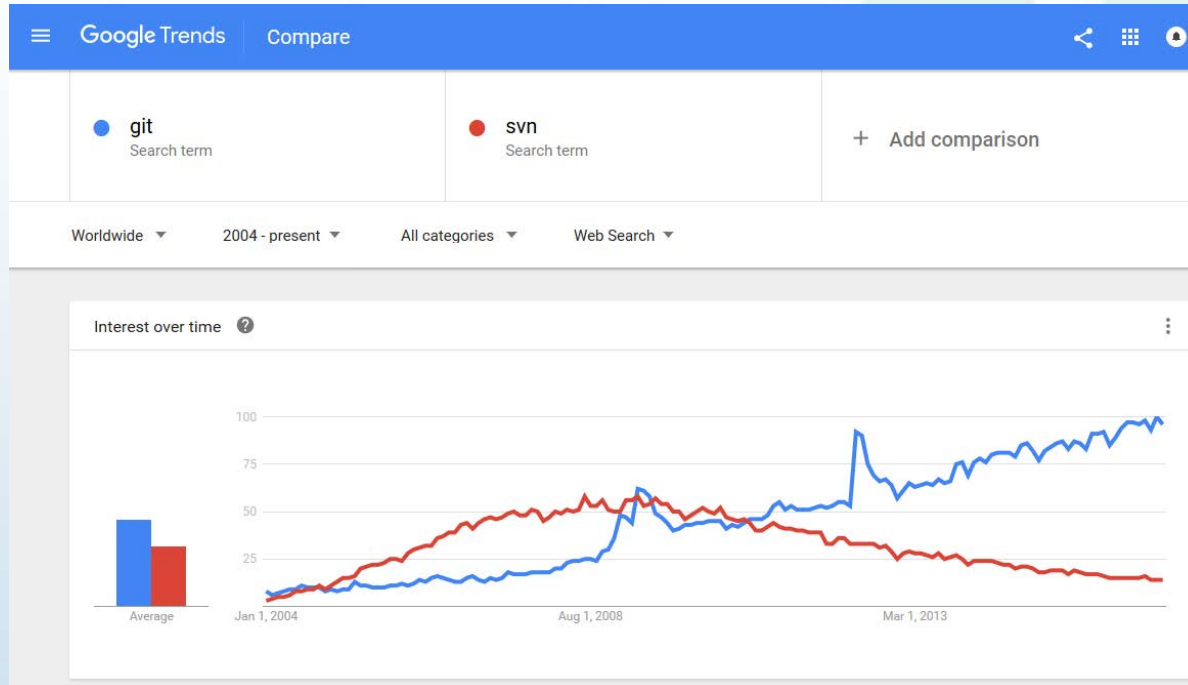
Matt Dawkins Update script		Latest commit 352bec4 9 hours ago
CMake	Update script	9 hours ago
doc	Update docs	11 hours ago
examples	Add README to provide some explanation of the scoring process.	a day ago
packages	Merge branch 'master' of https://github.com/Kitware/VIAME	a day ago
pipelines	Fix link	7 days ago
plugins	Update plugin	a day ago
.gitignore	Initial commit	a month ago
.gitmodules	Add kwant to build	6 days ago
CMakeLists.txt	Update setup script logic	14 hours ago
README.md	Update docs	11 hours ago

Fundamentals: <https://cmake.org/runningcmake/>

Git Version Control

Alternatives: Use Nothing, Google Drive, CVS, SVN, Mercurial


Why Git? Like CMake, also used by many other vision toolkits. Slightly harder to learn than SVN, but more extensible, distributed.











Fundamentals: <https://git-scm.com/book/en/v2/Getting-Started-Git-Basics>

Super-Build Comprised of Multiple Projects

Branch: master ▾ **VIAME** / packages / Create new file Upload files Find file History

 **mattdawkins** Merge branch 'master' of <https://github.com/Kitware/VIAME> Latest commit a26109e a day ago

..

 downloads	Add dir for data downloads	8 days ago
 fletch @ 6eb70d1	Update hash	2 days ago
 kwant @ 54073e3	Update kwant submodule	a day ago
 kwiver @ c7cb12c	Update kwiver package hash	3 days ago
 py-faster-rcnn @ 96dc9f1	Add placeholder for faster rcnn	8 days ago
 scallop-tk @ 4735f78	Update scalloptk hash	5 days ago
 vibrant @ ce9c713	Update vibrant	a day ago
 vivia @ 33c06e5	Update vivia hash	3 days ago

KWIVER.org

Kitware Image and Video Exploitation and Retrieval Toolkit

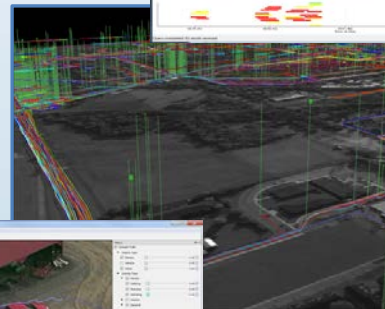
An Open Source, production-quality video analytics toolkit

Social Multimedia Query ToolKit



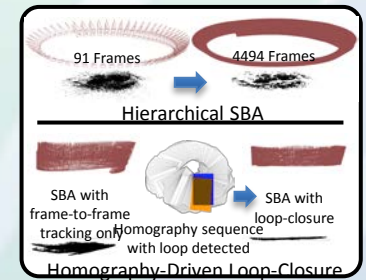
VIBRANT: *Video and Image-Based Retrieval and Analysis Toolkit*

Archive Query



Streaming FMV

Motion-imagery Aerial Photogrammetry Toolkit



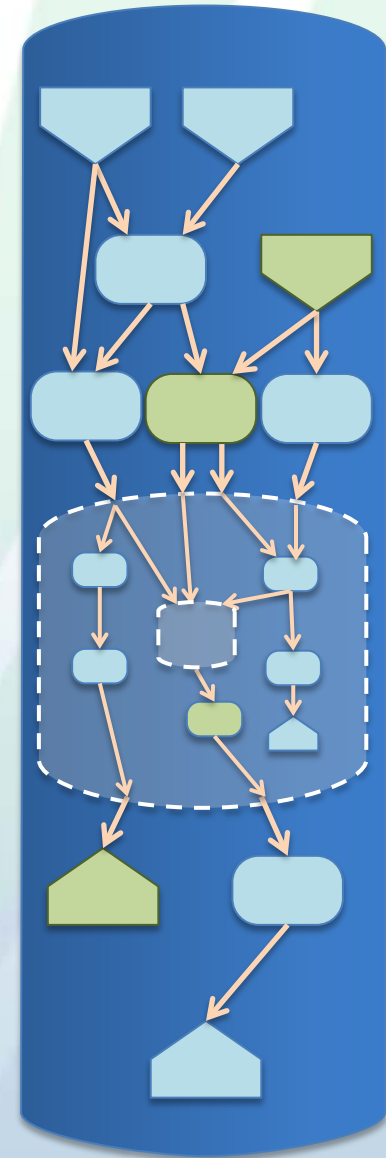
We hope to establish an open-source community for video analytics research and development

KWIVER.org

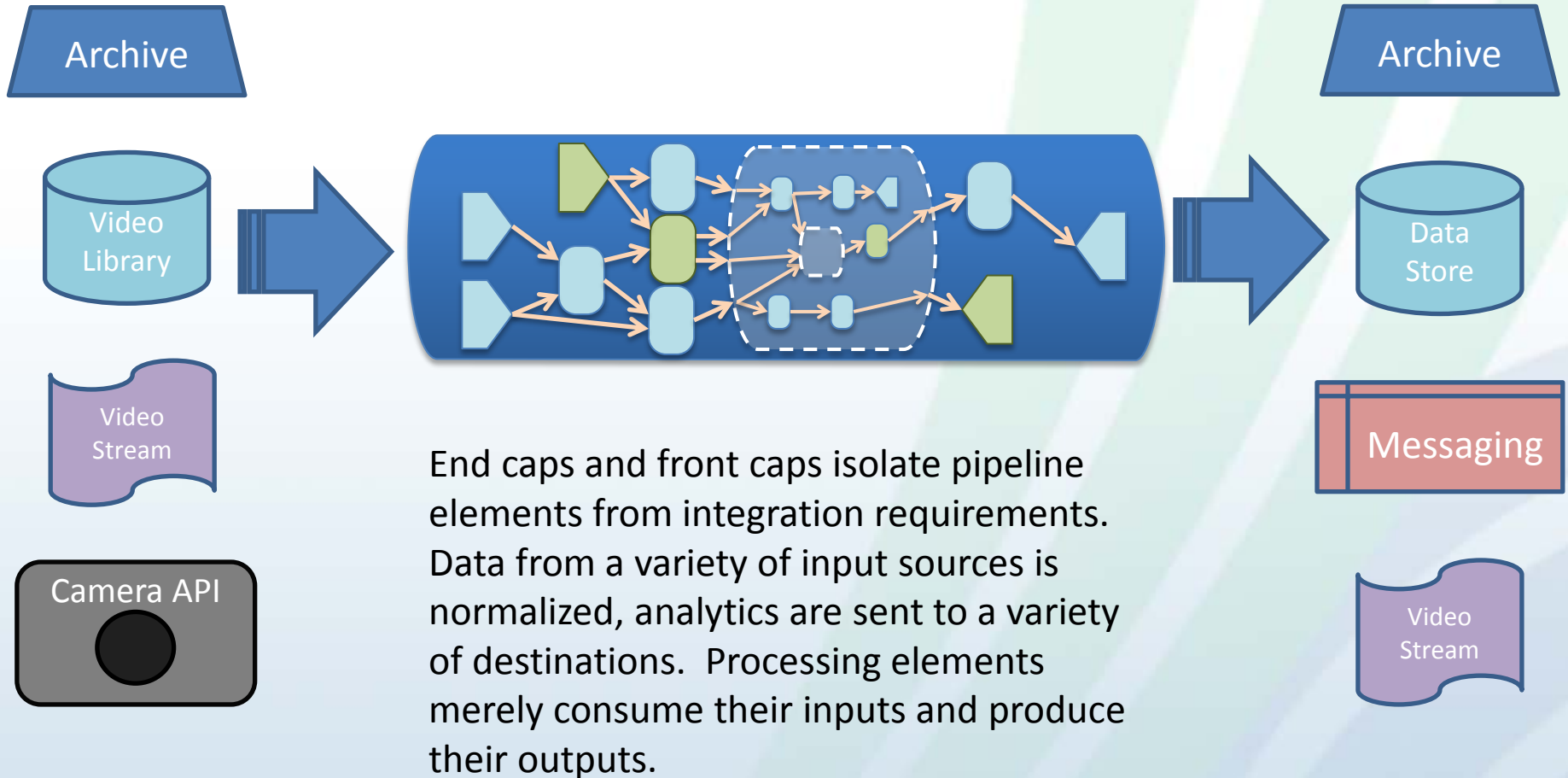
- Source code repositories maintained at GitHub
- Current toolkits available:
 - Motion-imagery Aerial Photogrammetry Toolkit for video stabilization and online bundle adjustment **MAP-TK**
 - Social Multimedia Query Toolkit for visual context extraction and querying for social multimedia **SMQTK**
 - Stream Processing Toolkit to facilitate multi-state, pipelined processing of data streams **Sprokit**
 - Common data structures and abstractions for computer vision and machine learning systems **VITAL**
 - GPU acceleration of core vision algorithms using OpenCL **VisCL**
 - GUIs and sophisticated visualization tools for content automatically extracted from video, based on VTK **ViVIA**
 - Detection and tracking of movers in video **VIBRANT**
 - CMake tools to set up complex build environments and dependencies **Fletch**

Sprokit – A Framework for Streaming Data Processing

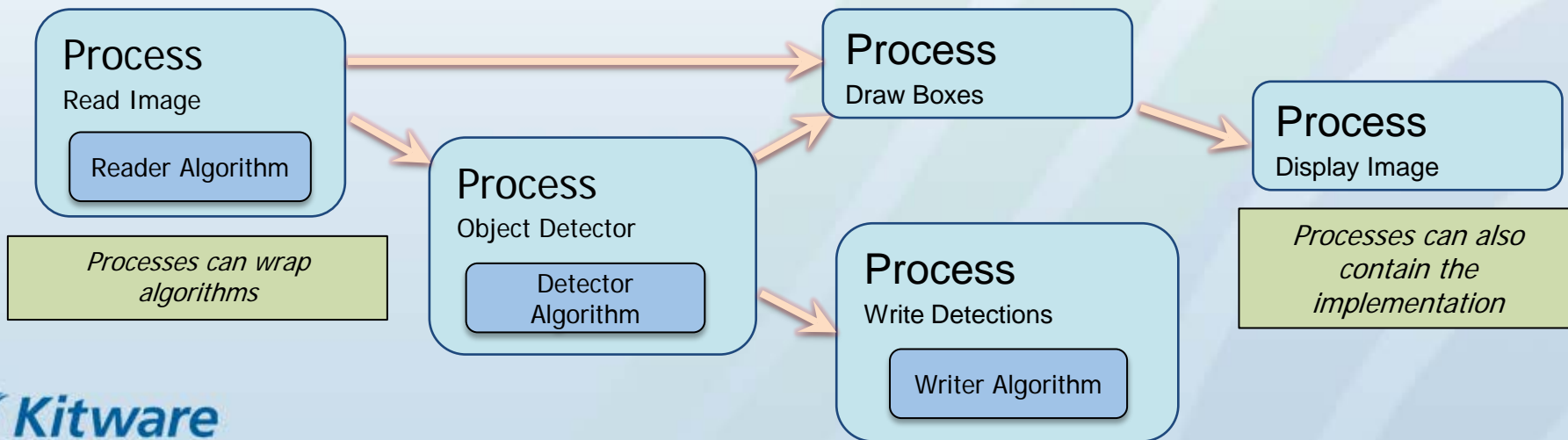
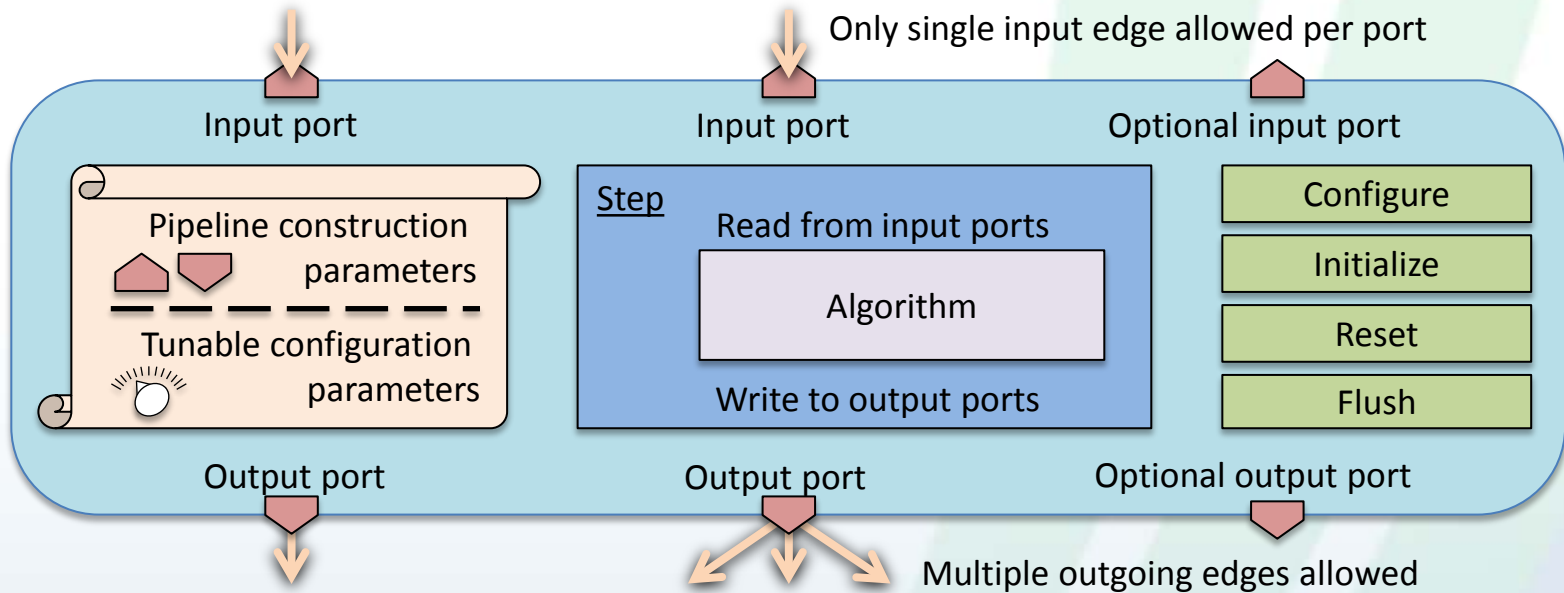
- What is Sprokit?
 - Plugin-based **streaming data processing engine** on which to build modular streaming data processing applications (especially video processing applications).
- What does Sprokit do?
 - Chains processing elements into a directed acyclic graph (DAG)
 - Executes a constructed pipeline on streaming data (e.g. video)
 - Provides dynamic construction/configuration via configuration files
 - Supports algorithms written in C++, Matlab, and Python
- Why was Sprokit developed?
 - To build complex streaming algorithms from simple components
 - To replace an older, much more restrictive, pipeline framework
 - Because existing open source frameworks (e.g. Gstreamer, Ecto, etc.) did not meet all requirements in the list above.



Swappable Front and End Caps

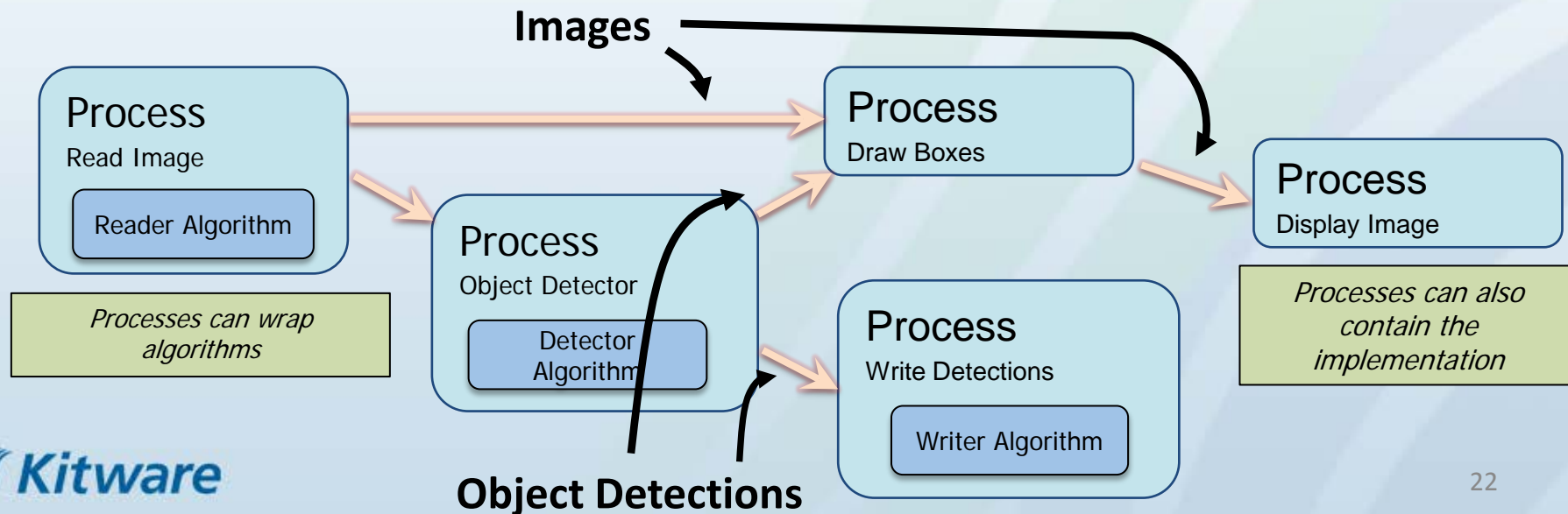


Individual Processing Nodes

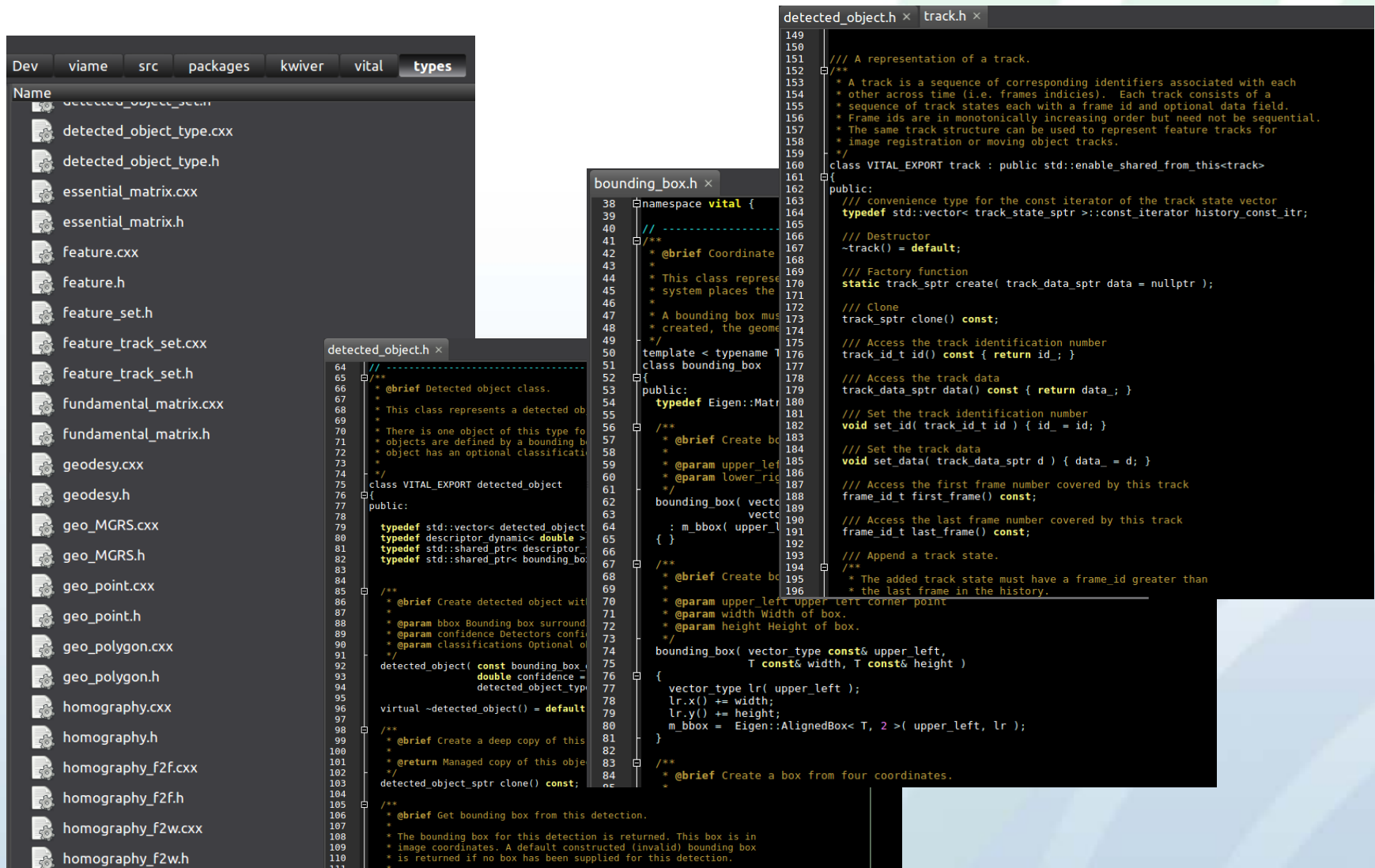


VITAL: Common Data Structures for Edges

- Normalize and standardize data structures to facilitate integration across different algorithms
- Isolate system integration issues by providing test fixtures for remote development
- Encourage collaboration by providing a framework for data sharing and replay
- Encourage modular development with pipeline based architecture with common data structured passed on edges



VITAL: Common Example Types



The image shows a code editor with three tabs open: `detected_object.h`, `track.h`, and `bounding_box.h`. On the left, a file explorer shows a directory structure for VITAL, including files like `detected_object_type.cxx`, `essential_matrix.cxx`, `feature.cxx`, `fundamental_matrix.cxx`, `geodesy.cxx`, `geo_MGRS.cxx`, `geo_point.cxx`, `geo_polygon.cxx`, `homography.cxx`, and `homography_f2f.cxx`.

detected_object.h (lines 64-111):

```
64 // -----
65 /**
66  * @brief Detected object class.
67  * This class represents a detected object.
68  * There is one object of this type for each image.
69  * Objects are defined by a bounding box and a confidence value.
70  * Object has an optional classification.
71  */
72
73
74
75
76
77
78
79
80
81
82
83
84
85
86
87
88
89
90
91
92
93
94
95
96
97
98
99
100
101
102
103
104
105
106
107
108
109
110
111
```

bounding_box.h (lines 38-84):

```
38 namespace vital {
39
40 // -----
41 /**
42  * @brief Coordinate
43  * This class represents a bounding box in the image plane.
44  * It is defined by a vector of four coordinates (x1, y1, x2, y2).
45  * The coordinates are in the order (x1, y1, x2, y2).
46  * The bounding box must be non-degenerate (area > 0).
47  * Created, the geometry is defined by the coordinates.
48  */
49
50 template < typename T, typename MatT = Eigen::Matrix<T, 2, 2> >
51 class bounding_box {
52 public:
53     typedef Eigen::Matrix<T, 2, 2> MatT;
54
55     /**
56      * @brief Create bounding box from four coordinates.
57      * @param upper_left Upper left corner point
58      * @param upper_right Upper right corner point
59      * @param lower_left Lower left corner point
60      * @param lower_right Lower right corner point
61      */
62     bounding_box( const vector_type & upper_left,
63                  const vector_type & upper_right,
64                  const vector_type & lower_left,
65                  const vector_type & lower_right ) :
66         m_bbox( upper_left, upper_right, lower_left, lower_right ) {}
67
68     /**
69      * @brief Create bounding box from four coordinates.
70      * @param upper_left Upper left corner point
71      * @param width Width of box.
72      * @param height Height of box.
73      */
74     bounding_box( const vector_type & upper_left,
75                  const T & width, const T & height ) :
76         m_bbox( upper_left, upper_left + vector_type( width, height ),
77                  upper_left + vector_type( width, 0 ),
78                  upper_left + vector_type( 0, height ) ) {}
79
80     /**
81      * @brief Create a deep copy of this bounding box.
82      * @return Managed copy of this bounding box.
83      */
84     bounding_box const & clone() const;
```

track.h (lines 149-196):

```
149
150
151 // A representation of a track.
152
153 /**
154  * A track is a sequence of corresponding identifiers associated with each
155  * other across time (i.e. frames indices). Each track consists of a
156  * sequence of track states each with a frame id and optional data field.
157  * Frame ids are in monotonically increasing order but need not be sequential.
158  * The same track structure can be used to represent feature tracks for
159  * image registration or moving object tracks.
160  */
161
162
163
164
165
166
167
168
169
170
171
172
173
174
175
176
177
178
179
180
181
182
183
184
185
186
187
188
189
190
191
192
193
194
195
196
```

Simple Pipeline Example

```
# =====
process input
:: frame_list_input
:image_list_file  input_files.txt
:frame_time      .3333
:image_reader:type  ocv

# =====
process detector
:: image_object_detector
:type                  scallopTk_detector
:scallopTk_detector:config_file  config_location

# =====
process draw
:: draw_detected_object_boxes
:default_line_thickness 3

# =====
process disp
:: view_image
:annotate_image      true
:pause_time          0 # 1.0
:title               NOAA images
```

```
# =====
# global pipeline config
#
config_pipeline:_edge
:capacity 10

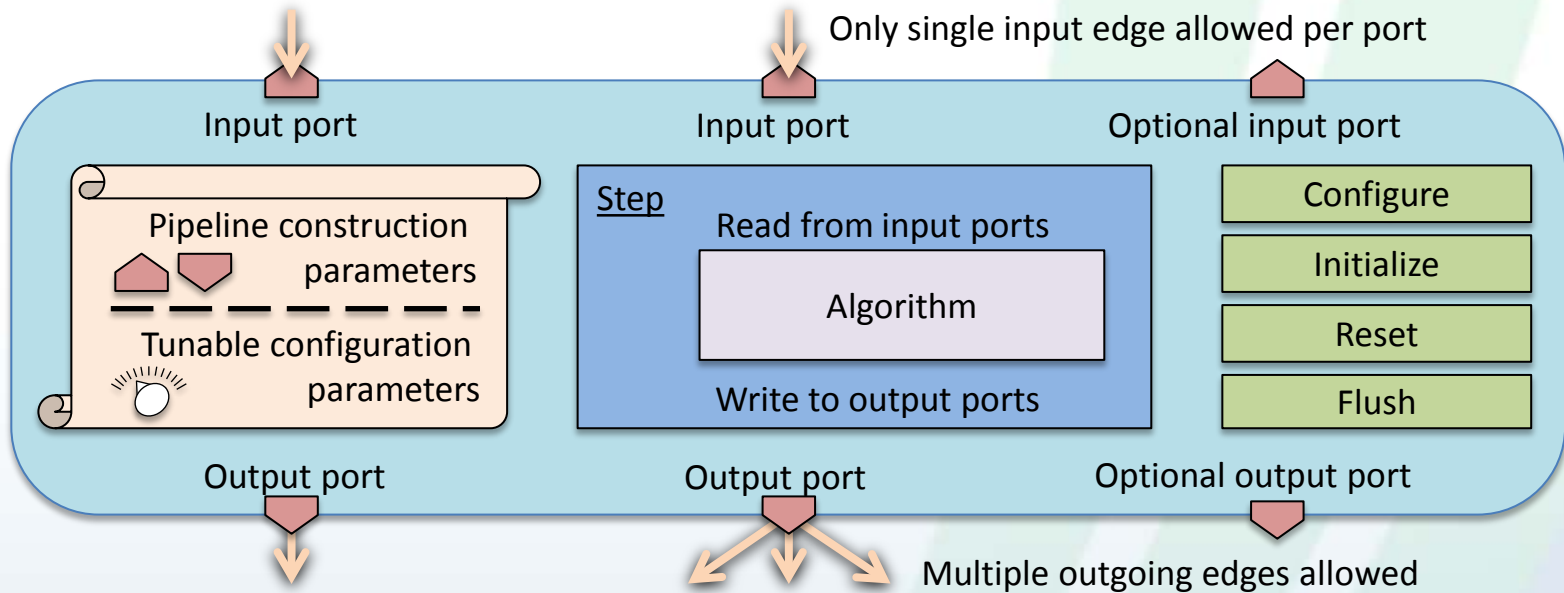
# =====
# connections
connect from input.image
to detector.image

connect from detector.detected_object_set
to draw.detected_object_set
connect from input.image
to draw.image

connect from detector.detected_object_set
to archive.detected_object_set

connect from input.timestamp
to disp.timestamp
connect from draw.image
to disp.image
```


Process Definition

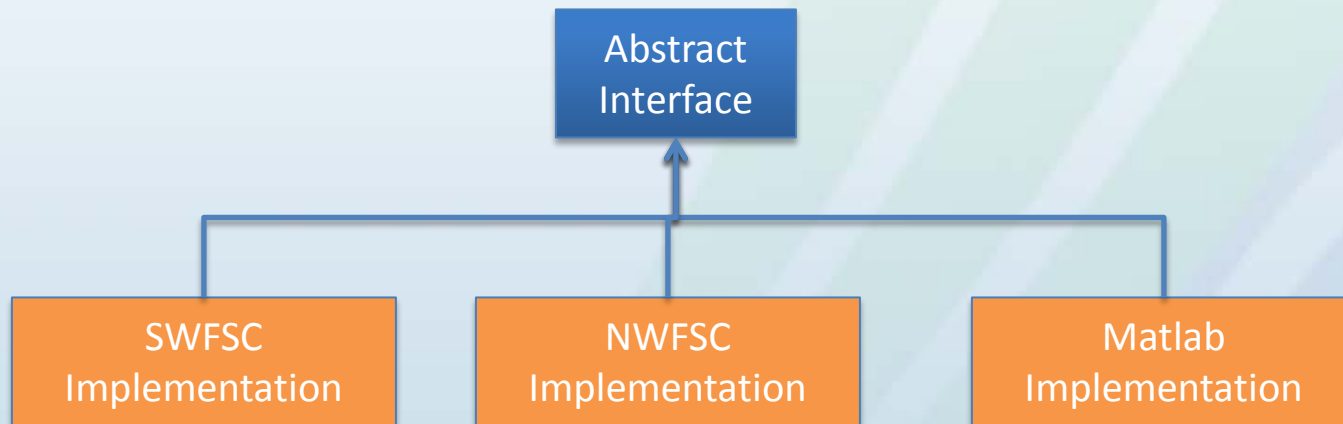


Two separate ways to define:

- Manual: User specifies all input/output ports and each rectangular block in the above (step, configure, initialize, etc...)
- Automatic: Only need to define single function for existing base class APIs with process wrappings
 - For example, `object_detector`: image in, detections out

Algorithm Concepts

- Application uses abstract algorithm type using a polymorphic model
- Instantiates an implementation based on config
- Implementations are dynamically loadable
- New implementations can be easily added



Automatic Implementation Method: Example Base Classes

kwiver/vital/algos/image_object_detection.h

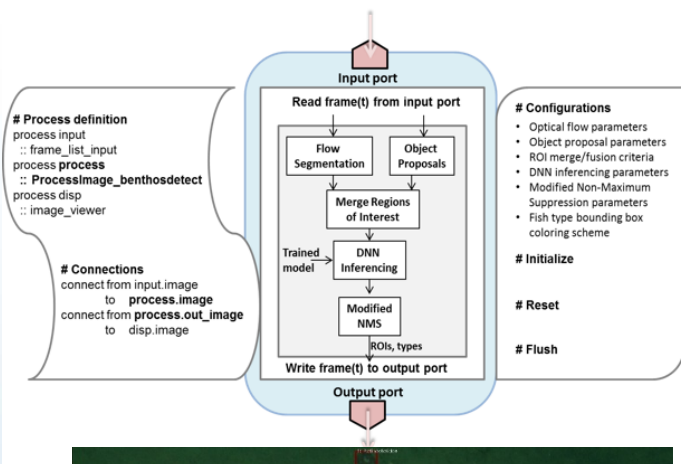
```
image_object_detector.h
49 // -----
50 /**
51  * @brief Image object detector base class/
52  *
53  */
54 class VITAL_ALGO_EXPORT image_object_detector
55 : public algorithm_def<image_object_detector>
56 {
57 public:
58     /// Return the name of this algorithm
59     static std::string static_type_name() { return "image_object_detector"; }
60
61     /// Find all objects on the provided image
62     /**
63      * This method analyzes the supplied image and along with any saved
64      * context, returns a vector of detected image objects.
65      *
66      * \param image_data the image pixels
67      * \returns vector of image objects found
68      */
69     virtual detected_object_set_sptr
70     detect( image_container_sptr image_data ) const = 0;
71
72 protected:
73     image_object_detector();
74 };
75
76 /// Shared pointer for generic image_object_detector definition type.
77 typedef std::shared_ptr<image_object_detector> image_object_detector_sptr;
78
79 } } // end namespace
80
81 #endif //VITAL_ALGO_IMAGE_OBJECT_DETECTOR_H_
```

kwiver/sprokit/core/image_object_detector_process.h

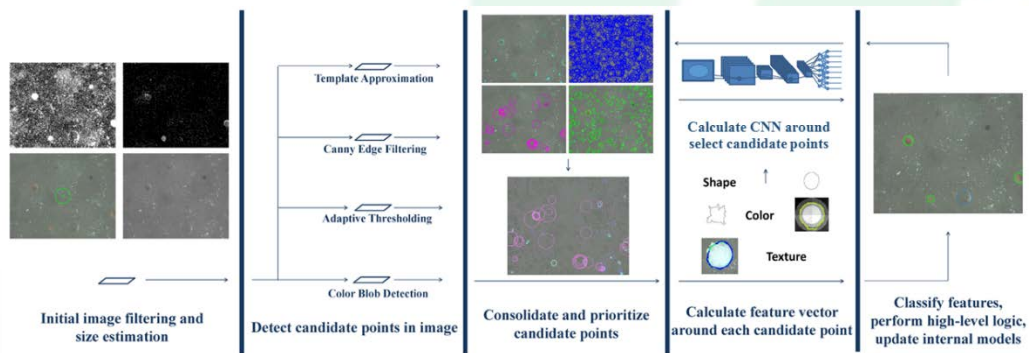
```
image_object_detector_process.h
42 // -----
43 /**
44  * @brief Image object detector process.
45  *
46  * \ports
47  * \port{image}
48  *
49  * \oports
50  *
51  * \oport{detected_object_set}
52  */
53 class KWIVER_PROCESSES_NO_EXPORT image_object_detector_process
54 : public sprokit::process
55 {
56 public:
57     image_object_detector_process( kwiver::vital::config_block_sptr const& config );
58     virtual ~image_object_detector_process();
59
60 protected:
61     virtual void _configure();
62     virtual void _step();
63
64 private:
65     void make_ports();
66     void make_config();
67
68     class priv;
69     const std::unique_ptr<priv> d;
70 }; // end class object_detector_process
71
72
73
74
75 } // end namespace
76
77 #endif /* ARROWS_PROCESSES_IMAGE_OBJECT_DETECTOR_PROCESS_H */
```

Example Algorithms

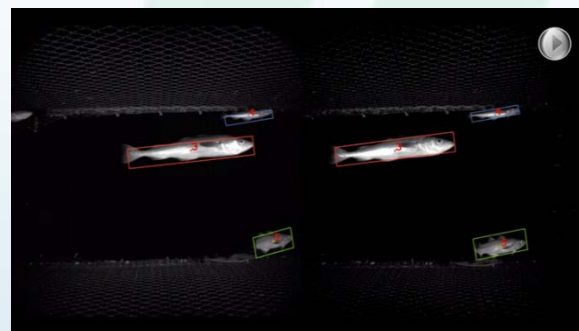
SRI: BenthosDetect



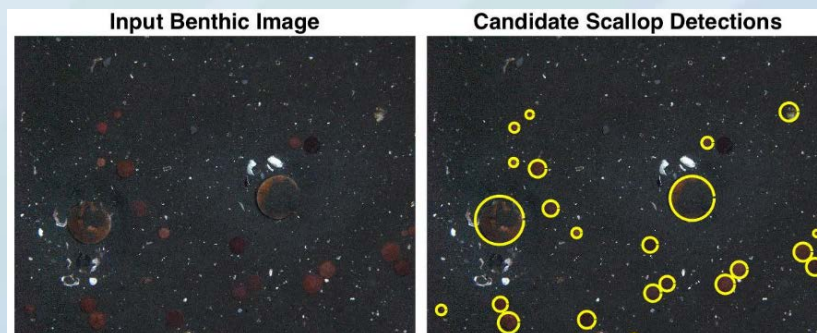
Kitware: ScallopTK



NOAA/UW: FishRuler

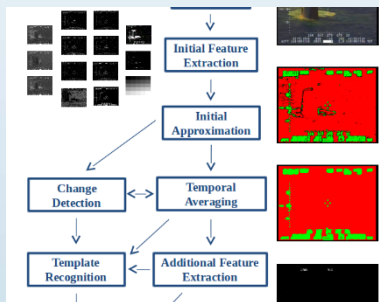


LANL: ScallopFinder

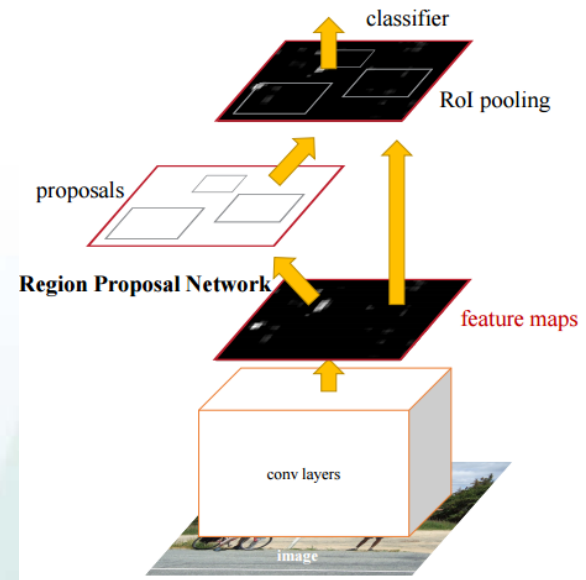


Example Algorithms (cont.)

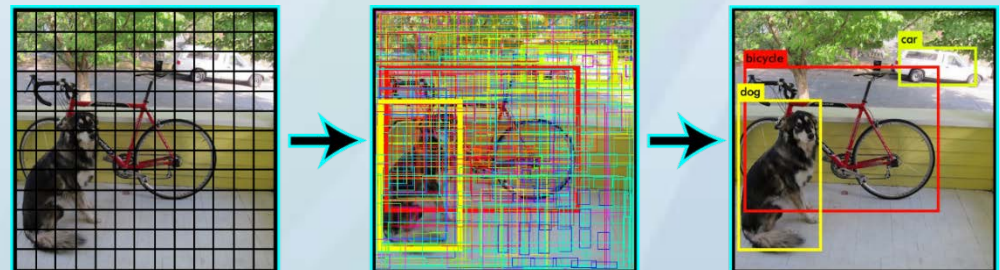
Burn-Out



Faster R-CNN



YOLOv2



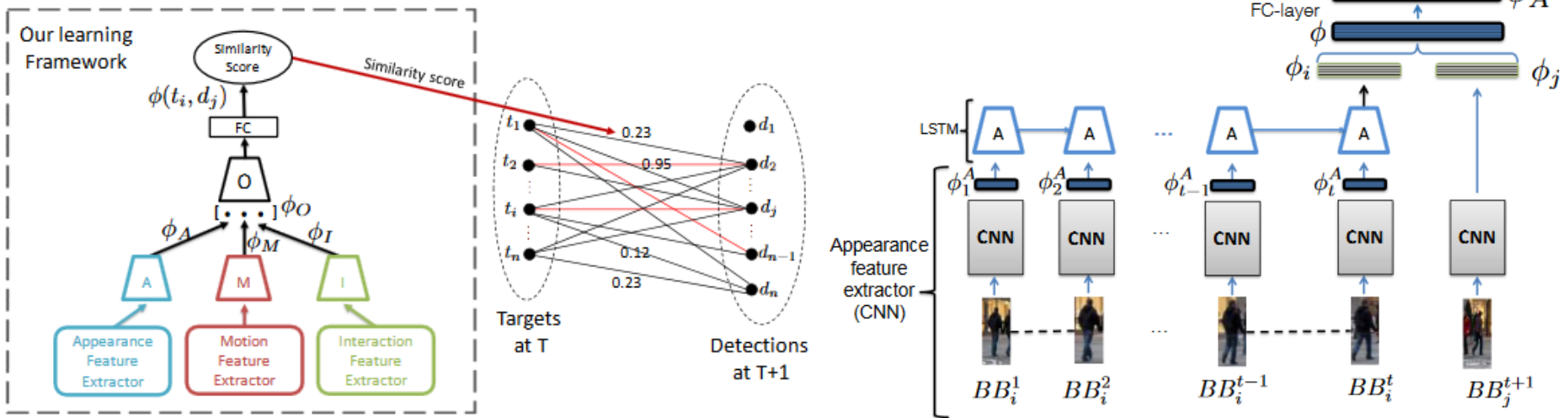
Baseline Tracker – Simple Tracker

```
ingest_video.pipe ✕
66         to detector_writer.image_file_name
67
68 # ===== CORE TRACKER =====
69
70 process detection_descriptor
71   :: compute_track_descriptors
72   :inject_to_detections           true
73   :computer:type                  burnout
74   relativepath computer:burnout:config_file = detection_descriptors.conf
75
76 process tracker
77   :: compute_association_matrix
78   :matrix_generator:type          from_features
79
80   block matrix_generator:from_features:filter
81     :type                         class_probablity_filter
82     :class_probablity_filter:threshold 0.001
83     :class_probablity_filter:keep_all_classes false
84     :class_probablity_filter:keep_classes car;person
85   endblock
86
87 process track_associator
88   :: associate_detections_to_tracks
89   :track_associator:type          threshold
90   :track_associator:threshold:threshold 100.0
91   :track_associator:threshold:higher_is_better false
92
93 process track_initializer
94   :: initialize object tracks
95   :track_initializer:type          threshold
96
97   block track_initializer:threshold:filter
98     :type                         class_probablity_filter
99     :class_probablity_filter:threshold 0.001
100     :class_probablity_filter:keep_all_classes false
101     :class_probablity_filter:keep_classes car;person
102   endblock
```

Pipeline performs differencing on CNN intermediate features derived from bounding boxes around detections

Baseline Tracker – Tracking the Untrackable

Implemented in PyTorch, Integrated into VIAME



“Tracking the Untrackable: Learning to track multiple cues with long-term dependencies” Sadeghian et al. ICCV 2017

Algorithm Usage

- Application uses abstract algorithm(s) via pointer to base class, can either be used in pipeline files or C++ code. Pipelines can also be embedded in C++ code.
- Configuration info specifies algorithm to use
- High level code is unchanged as different algorithm implementations are used

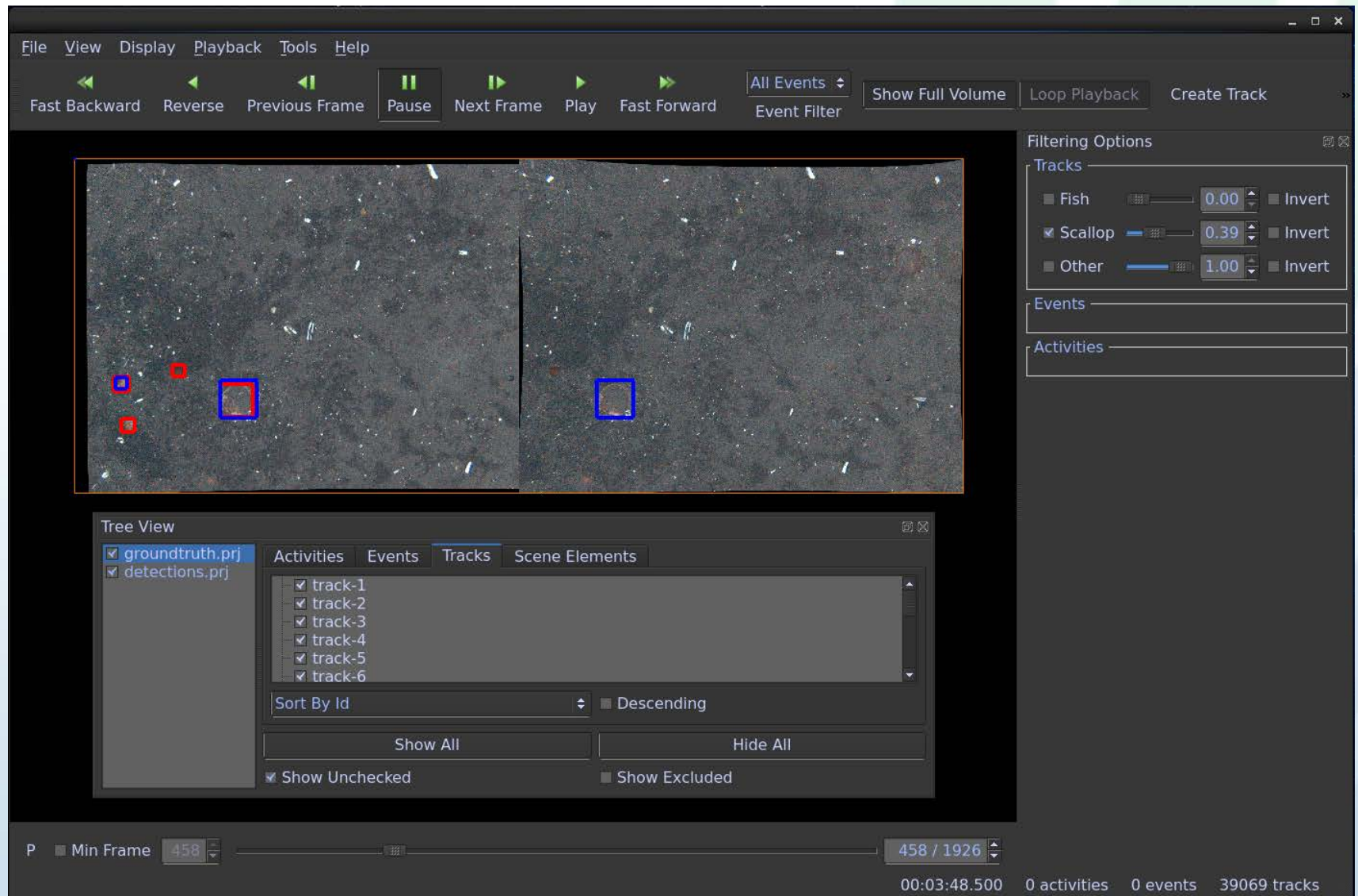
```
namespace algo = kwiver::vital::algo;
algo::image_io_sptr m_image_reader;
kwiver::vital::config_block_sptr algo_config = get_config(); // config

// validate config parameters
if ( ! algo::image_io::check_nested_algo_configuration( "image_reader", algo_config ) )
{ // Handle error
}

// instantiate image reader and converter based on config type
algo::image_io::set_nested_algo_configuration( "image_reader", algo_config, m_image_reader);
if ( ! m_image_reader )
{ // Handle error
}

// Read an image
kwiver::vital::image_container_sptr img_c;
img_c = m_image_reader->load( resolved_file_name );
```


Standalone Utilities: GUIs for Imagery

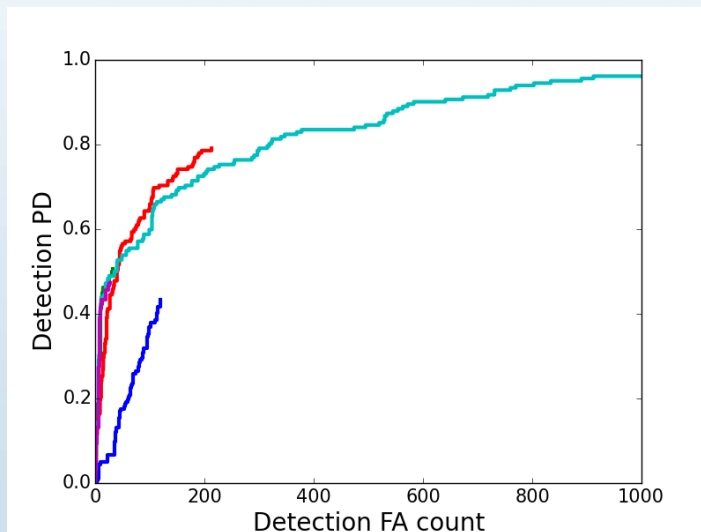


GUIs for Displaying Videos and Annotations



Evaluation and Scoring

- VIAME includes an extensive scoring capability for measuring detection, tracking, and classification on images or video
- Existing annotations can be translated to VIAME-compatible formats



```
Detection-Pd: 0.791209
Detection-FA: 213
Detection-PFA: 0.515738
Frame-NFAR: not computed
Track-Pd: 0.791209
Track-FA: 213
Computed-track-PFA: 0.515738
Track-NFAR: not computed
Avg track (cont., purity ): 1.34, 1
Avg target (cont., purity ): 1.47, 0.79
Track-frame-precision: 0.5

DEPTH-Hash : "a2123cde"
```

Model Training

Old:

```
python format_data_for_training.py \  
-i ${input_folder}/FishCLEF15/video2/cadb2ec9\#201105051700_0.xml \  
-f clef -o ${output_folder}/formatted_samples \  
-v ${output_folder}/validation \  
-s clef2 -e ${input_folder}/clef_exclude.txt \  
${common_args}  
  
python format_data_for_training.py \  
-i ${input_folder}/FalseEx/filelist.txt \  
-f habcam -o ${output_folder}/formatted_samples \  
-v ${output_folder}/validation \  
${common_args}  
  
python format_data_for_training.py \  
-i ${input_folder}/HabCamEx/Groundtruth.txt \  
-f habcam -o ${output_folder}/formatted_samples \  
-v ${output_folder}/validation \  
--clip-right \  
${common_args}  
  
# Generate input training list and run training  
python generate_headers.py -t YOLOv2 \  
-i ${input_folder} \  
-o ${output_folder} \  
-e ${data_type}  
  
darknet -i ${gpu_id} detector train \  
${output_folder}/YOLOv2.data \  
config_files/YOLOv2.cfg \  
../detector_pipelines/models/model2.weights
```

New:

```
training_pipeline.pipe x  
1 # Pipeline for training object detector  
2  
3 # ===== GLOBAL PROPERTIES =====  
4 # global pipeline config  
5 #  
6 config_pipeline: edge  
7 :capacity 5  
8  
9 # ===== INPUT NODE =====  
10 process tdata  
11 :: training_data_source  
12 :image_list_file image_list.txt  
13 :image_reader:type ocv  
14  
15 :groundtruth_file detections.kw18  
16 :groundtruth_reader:type kw18  
17  
18 # ===== DATA FORMATTER =====  
19 process split  
20 :: split_image  
21 :split_image:type ocv  
22  
23 connect from tdata.image  
24 to split.image  
25  
26 process dm  
27 :: compute_stereo_depth_map  
28 :compute_map:type ocv_bm  
29  
30 connect from split.left_image  
31 to dm.left_image  
32 connect from split.left_image  
33 to dm.right_image  
34  
35 process merger  
36 :: merge_image  
37 :split_image:type ocv  
38  
39 connect from tdata.image  
40 to merger.image1  
41 connect from dm.depth_map  
42 to merger.image2  
43  
44 # ===== TRAINING UTILITY =====  
45 process stk_trainer  
46 :: detector_trainer  
47 :trainer:type scallop_tk_trainer  
48  
49 connect from merger.net_image  
50 to stk_trainer.image  
51 connect from tdata.groundtruth  
52 to stk_trainer.groundtruth  
53
```

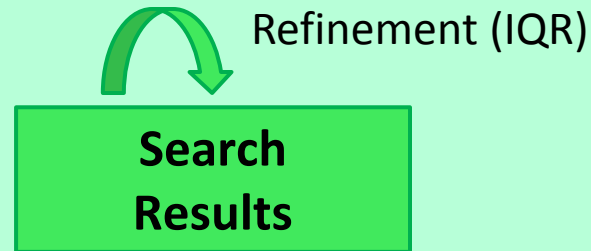
pipeline_runner -p training_pipeline.pipe

Interactive Query Refinement: A User-Driven Search Work Flow

Search & Refinement

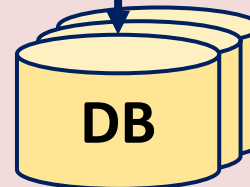
3

User Query (examples)
e.g., A set of images

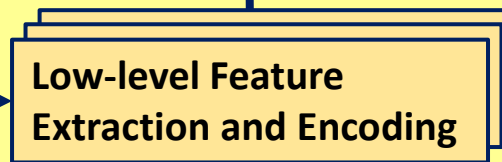
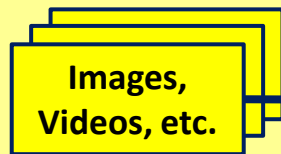


2

Indexing



1



Demo IQR Interface Example

The screenshot shows the IQR interface with the following components and annotations:

- Upload Positive Examples From Disk:** Points to the "SMQTK" button in the top navigation bar.
- (re)Search Data set:** Points to the "Initialize Index" button.
- Mark Items Relevant or Not Relevant:** Points to the checkmark and 'x' icons on the image cards.
- Start Over:** Points to the "Reset IQR Session" button.
- Refine Search Order:** Points to the "Refine" button.
- Export Annotations for Classifier Construction:** Points to the "Save IQR state" button.

The interface displays a grid of 21 butterfly images, each with a score and a status icon. The first image (#2) is highlighted in green and has a checkmark, indicating it is a positive example. The scores for the images are as follows:

Image ID	Score
#2	100.00%
#3	53.90%
#4	53.72%
#5	53.69%
#6	53.48%
#7	53.29%
#8	53.09%
#9	53.01%
#10	52.96%
#11	52.87%
#12	52.71%
#13	52.69%
#14	52.65%
#15	52.63%
#16	52.54%
#17	52.30%
#18	52.04%
#19	52.00%
#20	51.91%
#21	51.71%

IQR Example

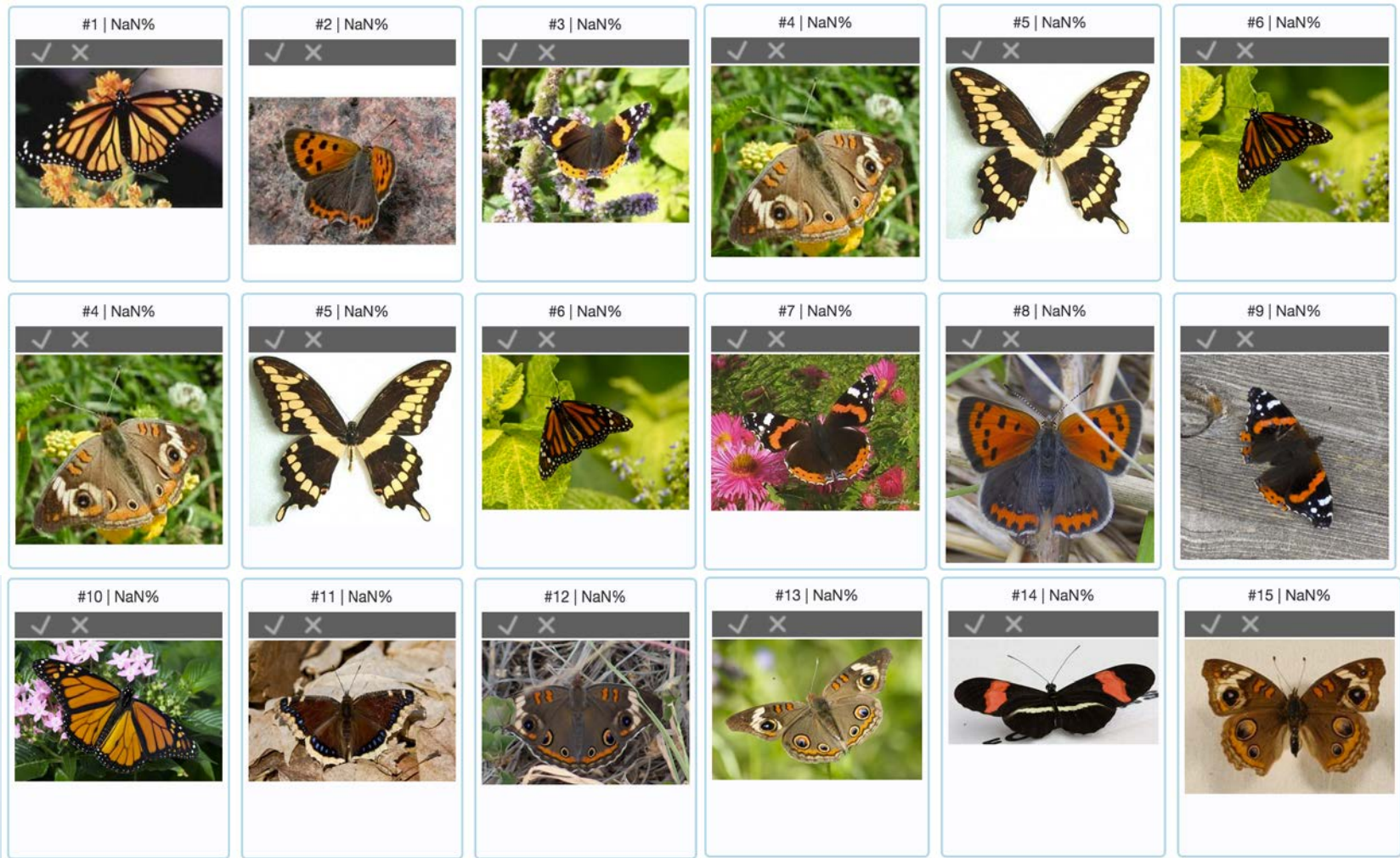


Start IQR with a single positive exemplar

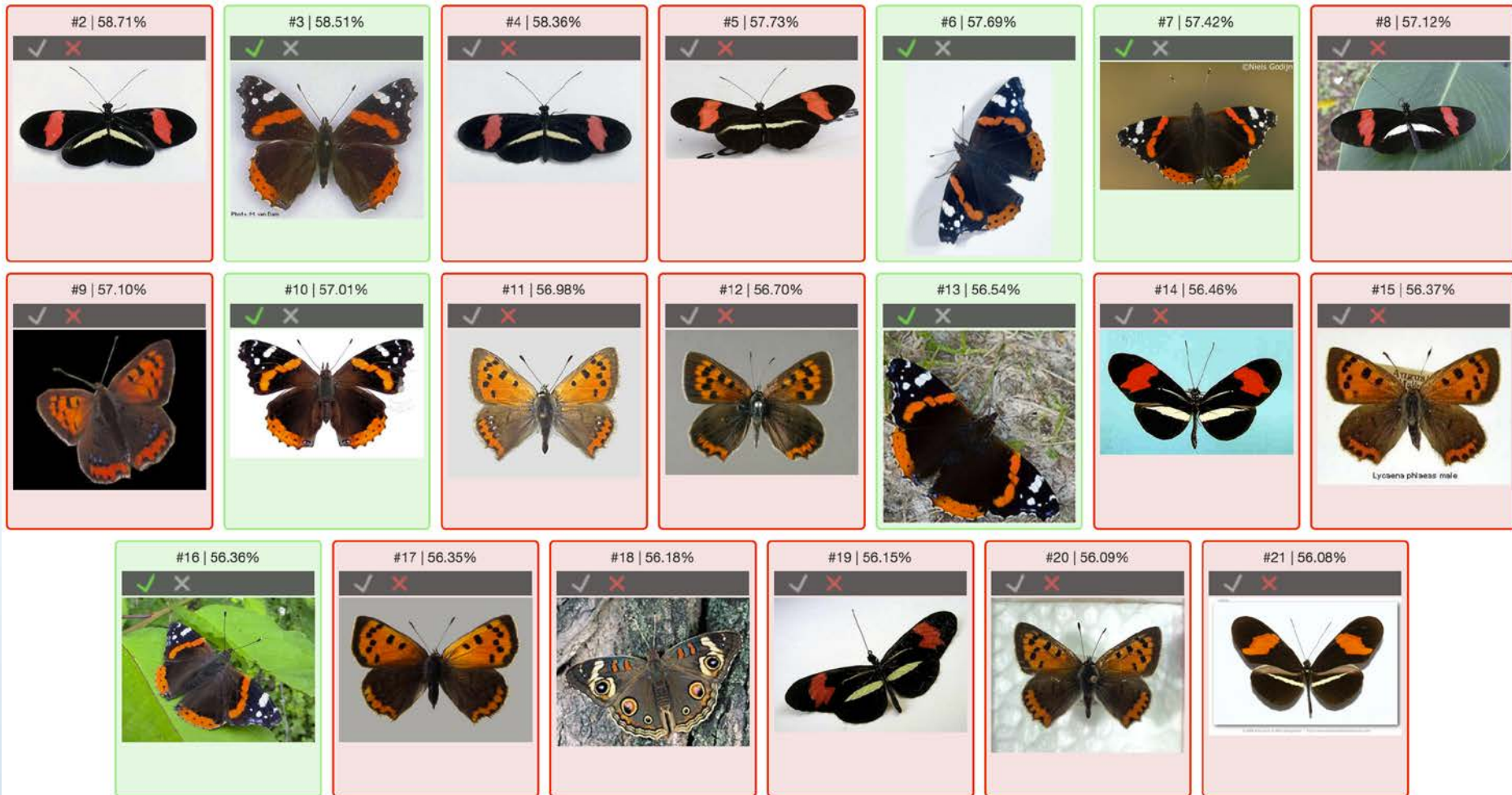
Dataset contains 832 images with 55-100 images per type.

Use Caffe AlexNet Layer 7 as an image descriptor















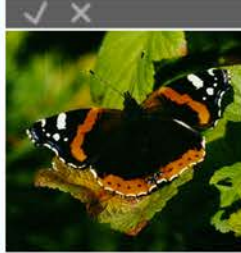




Random Selections from Leeds Butterfly Dataset



Results from Single Exemplar



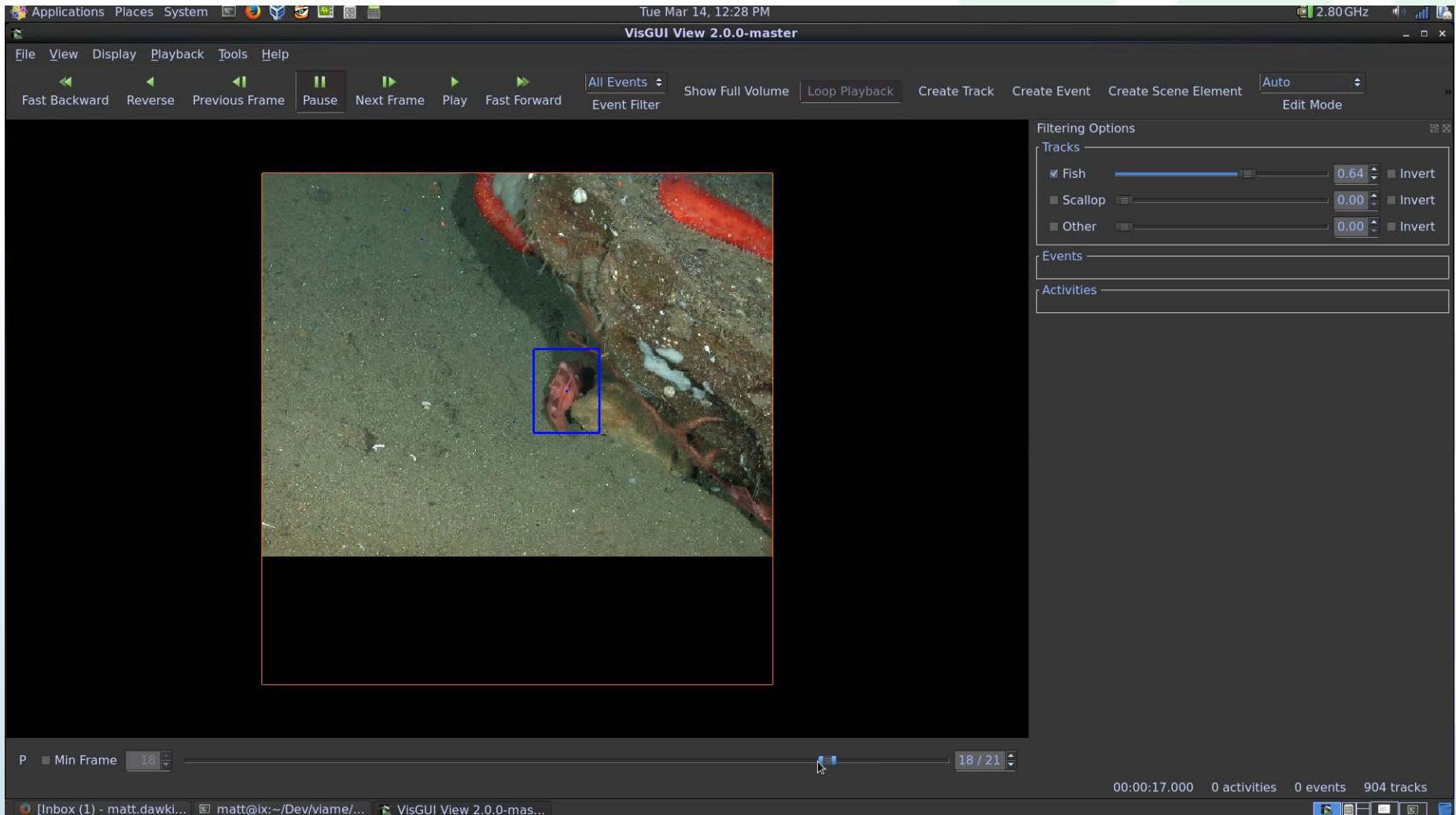
One Refinement Based on Adjudications from Previous Slide

<p>#2 100.00%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p>  <p>Photo: H. van Driel</p>	<p>#3 100.00%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p>  <p>©Nikola Georgiev</p>	<p>#4 100.00%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p> 	<p>#5 100.00%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p> 	<p>#6 100.00%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p> 	<p>#7 100.00%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p> 	<p>#8 99.95%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p> 
<p>#9 99.94%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p> 	<p>#10 99.93%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p> 	<p>#11 99.93%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p> 	<p>#12 99.92%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p> 	<p>#13 99.91%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p> 	<p>#14 99.91%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p> 	<p>#15 99.90%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p> 
<p>#16 99.90%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p> 	<p>#17 99.89%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p> 	<p>#18 99.89%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p>  <p>Copyright © 2003, Brandt Vittek. All rights reserved. www.brandt.co</p>	<p>#19 99.89%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p> 	<p>#20 99.88%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p> 	<p>#21 99.87%</p> <p>✓ ✕</p> 	

Ongoing and Future Developments

- Improved video handling
- Improved detection and tracking
- Additional stereo processing
 - Calibration
 - Dense 3D reconstruction
- More integrated analytics
 - Anomaly detection and clustering
 - Habitat classification
- Large-scale visualization
- Extend deep learning integration
- Database extensions
- Make system easier to use
- Documentation

Demo



VIAME Resources

- VIAME is publicly-available, open-source software
 - viametoolkit.org/
 - Community contributions are highly encouraged, both framework additions and analytics
- Multiple benthic datasets previews are available at marineresearchpartners.com/nmfs_aiasi/Home.html

Thank you NOAA!

Code Repository: <https://github.com/Kitware/VIAME>

Initial development and testing of VIAME was funded by the NOAA Fisheries Strategic Initiative on Automated Image Analysis. The findings and conclusions in the paper are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the views of the National Marine Fishery Service, NOAA, or the government of the United States. The use of trade, firm, or corporation names in this publication is for the convenience of the reader and does not constitute an official endorsement or approval of any product or service to the exclusion of others that may be suitable.